THE DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY
Penniman, Reed & Co.,
No. 86 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

TERMS:
PER YEAR, BY MAIL.....$8,00.
PER WEEK, SERVED BY CARRIER.....15.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1866.

REV. W. H. KINCAID, who has long been connected with the GAZETTE, as editor of the weekly religious column, was honored with the degree of A. M., by the Indiana Asbury University, at Greencastle, Indiana, at its late commencement. We may further mention that the National Association of Local Preachers of the Methodist Church arranged at their last Annual Convention for the publication of a Magazine, to be managed for promoting the improvement and the interests of Local Ministers. The bringing out of the specimen number was confided to Mr. Kincaid.

SECRETARY HARLAN is carrying out in good faith the joint resolution of Congress and the orders of the President, in displacing civilian clerks to make places for disabled soldiers. He does not seem to have an easy time of it. Complaint is made that some of the clerks relieved are supporters of the President's Policy. In answer, the Secretary says no inquiry into the political leanings has been, or will be, instituted; and that he means to obey, in spirit and letter the orders of his superior touching this matter. He is the only Head of a Department that acts fully up to the instructions.

SECRETARY SEWARD tried to make himself ridiculous in a fulsome letter he addressed to the Tammany Society of New York, in response to an invitation to attend its celebration of the Fourth of July. He succeeded. In consequence the New York *World* pokes fun at him after this fashion:

"We assure Mr. Seward that his Miss-Nancyish praise is appreciated at its true value. Democrats have seen too many specimens of his lacquered ware to mistake it even for gilt, much less for gold."

WISCONSIN.—In the first Congressional district H. E. Paine will be re-nominated. In the second J. Sloan will be returned, if he wishes to be. In the third Amasa Cobb will be re-nominated. In the fifth Philetus Sawyer will probably be nominated, but not without a contest. All these are Republicans, and so are the districts. The fourth is Democratic, and Col. Eldridge will be re-nominated by his party.

THE Johnstown *Tribune*, in an article on the Senatorship, says:

"We greatly admire the frankness of Jno. W. Forney in giying *his* views upon the issues of the day in an elaborate speech recently delivered at Lebanon, and would be glad to see his example followed by Gen. Cameron and Gov. Curtin. Where do you stand, General?—with Congress or with Andrew Johnson? And you, Governor, where are you? The people have a right to know."

THE citizens of Wayne county, Pa., propose erecting a monument to perpetuate the memories of the soldiers of that county who fell, either by death or disease. Contributions amounting to $620 were added to the fund on the Fourth.

DR. W. WORTHINGTON, of Chester county, wants the re-nomination to the State Senate. Mr. Henry S. Evans, editor of the *Village Record*, also wants the nomination. He closed a term as Senator some fourteen years ago.

THE Democrats of Blair county have nominated Colonel John Cresswell for Congress. His competitor is Colonel R. L. Johnson, of Cambria, who made the run against MR. A. A. Barker two years ago.

THE New York *World* objects to an appropriation by Congress to repair or rebuild the levees on the Mississippi. It maintains such an appropriation to be unconstitutional.

GEN. JOHN LOGAN, in a speech at Cairo, fitly defined his position. He stands, in effect, where the President stood a year ago, but not where he stands now. He is radical.

THE Portland fire was caused by a Chinese cracker, lighted and thrown by a little boy. It ignited some shavings, and these were swept by the wind into a cooper shop.

ILLINOIS.—S. W. Moulton is the Republican candidate at large for Congress, and J. F. Farnsworth has been re-nominated in his district.

IOWA.—F. H. Warren will be the Johnsonian and Democratic candidate for Congress against J. F. Wilson, Republican.

THE Greensburg *Herald*, which has hitherto shown a disposition to sustain the President's Policy, backs square out.

MR. FINNEY has resigned the Presidency of Oberlin College, and been succeeded by Prof. J. H. Fairchild.

TENNESSEE.—When the Legislature met there was not a quorum. Adjourned for one week.

CITY ITEMS.

All the Notabilities.

Specialties, &c., in the collection of Photographs at Pittock's.

Several Rooms

In upper stories of the Opera House to rent. Inquire of Gardiner, No. 60 Fifth street.

Great Trotting Match

Between "Annie Laurie," entered by Samuel Bosgrave, and "Charlie," entered by Marcus Rush, for the first $500, on Tuesday the 10th, at 3 o'clock.

Left on Sale.

A splendid Rosewood Piano, of a celebrated make, full seven-octave, and handsomely finished, price very low, at Gardiner's great Boot and Shoe House, No. 60 Fifth street.

Black and White

Plaid Dress Goods at all prices, from twenty five cents upwards, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Markes streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Great Reduction.

In the price of Summer Dress Goods, closing them out without regard to cost, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Domestic Dry Goods,

Best makes, always on hand, and will be sold at popular prices, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets,

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

The Use of Tonics.

There is hardly an individual who does not feel the need, in the spring or summer months, of a tonic or alterative medicine. The *Sarsaparilla combined with Iodide of Lime* is a valuable remedy, and differs from all others, inasmuch as it is a *scientific* and *safe* combination, which is adapted to the tenderest infants as well as adults.

It will be Seen

By an advertisement in another column that Dr. Roback, of Cincinnati, O.' (whose Stomach Bitters and Scandinavian Remedies have achieved a *world wide* reputation, solely by virtue of their intrinsic and *unequalled* merits) has sold out his entire business to the enterprising firm of Prince, Walton & Co., who will continue the business at the old stand, Nos. 56, 58, 60 and 62 West Third street, Cincinnati, O.

The Gift Concert.

Parties who have purchased upon credit, tickets of participation in the Grand Gift Concert of McDonald, Thomson & Co., are hereby notified to make prompt settlement for the same, or the numbers of said tickets will be thrown out. The concert will positively come off as stated elsewhere, and no more delay can be endorsed by the managers, through the tardiness or willful negligence of their agents. Tickets of admission, which entitles the bearer to a chance in the extraordinary gifts, can yet be obtained at the office of the company in the *Chronicle* Building, Fifth street.

N. B.—The concert is deferred only until the 30th inst., at which time parties holding tickets may confidently rely upon the fulfilment of the programme. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

The Scarcity of Fine Photographs.

There is nothing more difficult to obtain in the city than a really fine photograph. We were ashamed of a number of specimens of Pittsburgh art which were recently upon exhibition in an eastern city. They were mere daubs, and while they were put up for representative pictures, deserved no such characterization. There are only two or three artists in this city who fully understand their business. The most prominent among them is B. L. H. Dabbs, No. 26 St. Clair street. The photographs emanating from his establishment bear the impress of superiority and compare in point of excellence with any specimens from the eastern cities. Every department in this extensive photographic depot is under the management of the best and most skillful artists, and all styles of pictures, cheap or costly bear the same impress of superiority. No matter what may be the character of the weather truthful and beautiful pictures may be obtained. We cheerfully commend Mr. Dabbs to the public, and for any style of sun shadow recommend the reader to his palatial establishment.

The Great Acclimating Tonic.

Wherever Hostetter's Bitters, the celebrated American prevention of Climatic Diseases, have been introduced into unhealthy regions, their effects in sustaining the health, vigor, and animal spirits of those whose pursuits subjected them to extraordinary risks from exposure and privation, have been wonderful. In the army the superiority of this article over every other invigorating and alterative medicine has become so manifest wherever, it has been introduced upon, exclusively, as a protection against Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, and Bowel complaints of every kind. The soldiers say it is the *only* stimulant which produces and keeps up a healthy habit of body in unwholesome locations. For the unacclimated pioneer and settler it is the most reliable of all safeguards against sickness. Throughout the United States it is considered the most healthful and agreeable of all tonics, and altogether unequaled as a remedy for Dyspepsia. The medicinal ingredients are all vegetable, and are held in solution by the most wholesome stimulant known—the Essence of Rye. "Hostetter's Bitters" are manufactured at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and no less than 50,000 dozen bottles are sold annually by druggists.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

FROM NEW YORK.

Specie for Europe—Removal of Quarantine Buildings—Arrest of Counterfeiters—Ship Loads of Mormons—Tax on Circulation of State Banks—The Dry Goods Trade for the Last Fiscal Year—Enormous Increase—Losses by Fire in the United States for the Last Six Months.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The steamers took out for Europe to-day nine hundred and eighty-seven thousand five hundred and seventy-nine dollars. The total for the week was one million six hundred and thirty thousand seven hundred and thirty dollars.

The board of health and quarantine commissioners have determined to remove their buildings from Seagull's Point to West Bank.

The *Commercial's* special says: The parties concerned in getting up a dangerous counterfeit plate on the Highland National Bank of New York, have been arrested in Baltimore. One of them is Charley Lands, an accomplish counterfeiter, and another, William Snyder, of them, who is a sheriff's officer of New York. The bills found on them are lettered A, and mostly numbered 89,286.

Four ship loads of Mormons have arrived here within the month past, and five more vessels with similar loads are now on the way.

United States Deputy Marshal Green has been arrested on a charge of personating the escape of the defaulting French cashier.

The *Post's* special says: Under the new Internal Revenue law the circulating notes of State banks are assessed from the ten per cent. tax until August first.

The first Comptroller of the Treasury has decided that from the first of July until to-day these banks must pay the tax.

Of Dry Goods for the fiscal year, the total receipts have reached the enormous figure of $157,000,000, which is $20,000,000 in excess of the heaviest year in the history of the past, the receipts for 1860, the next largest year, having been $107,000,000. The average importations for the five years preceding that last named, was $63,000,000, and for the ten years ending with 1864-5, $77,000,000. The imports for the last year are thus 97½ per cent. in excess of the average of the ten preceding years.

The losses by fire throughout the United States for the six months just elapsed exceed those of the whole of any previous year. The losses up to date are reckoned at $45,000,000.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Hot Weather—Paymaster Spaulding Found Guilty—Freedmen's Bureau in Tennessee Winding Up—Overdrafts of National Banks.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The weather here is the warmest known for some years, the thermometer standing at 100° in the shade. Several cases of sun-stroke have occurred, one proving fatal.

General Fisk, Assistant Commissioner of the Freemen's Bureau in Tennessee, says he has closed all the medical establishments of the Bureau in that State, and intends to cease the issue of rations, except in the most urgent cases of necessity.

United States Treasurer Spinner, in a communication to the cashier of the National Bank of Kingston, New York, says it has not hitherto been supposed that any bank would claim to be allowed to deduct from its deposits the amount of its overdrafts in the sums due from other banks, virtually overdrafts.

The *Intelligencer* learns that Paymaster Paulding has been found guilty of the charges preferred against him and sentenced to be cashiered, $10 pay a fine of five thousand dollars and be imprisoned for one year.

Unionism on the Rio Grande.

GALVESTON, July 6.—The Union ticket is elected along the Rio Grande, by a two-third vote.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

Four Days Later News.

ENGLISH MINISTRY RESIGN.

The War in Germany.

THE PRUSSIANS CROSS HELLEDORF HEIGHTS.

Hostilities Actively Commenced.

AUSTRIANS REPULSED BY PRUSSIANS.

Great Battle Between Austrians and Italians.

HANOVERIAN ARMY SURROUNDED.

Overtures for Capitulation.

HANOVERIANS FINALLY ELUDE THE PRUSSIANS AND ESCAPE.

Desperate Engagement at Verona.

VICTOR EMANUEL'S FORCES BEATEN.

The Italians Defeated After a Severe Struggle—2,000 Taken Prisoners.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The steamship Saxonia, from Southampton on the 27th ult., arrived here this afternoon.

In the House of Lords, on Monday, June 25th, Lord Russell announced that in consequence of the hostile vote of the House of Commons on that day week, the Ministry had felt it to be their duty to tender their resignations, but her Majesty having invited them to reconsider their determination, they acted upon it, and had an interview with the Queen on Tuesday before declaring their definite resolution. Under those circumstances, he proposed an adjournment till Tuesday evening, which was agreed to.

In the House of Commons, on Monday, June 25th, Mr. Gladstone announced that he had received the Queen's permission to acquaint the House with the vote of Monday week, since the debate which had preceded it. Lord Russell and his colleagues had tendered their resignations, but Her Majesty had not deemed it advisable to accept them without consulting Parliament, and had taken advantage of personal communication. The queen was now on her way to London, and he begged to say Lord Russell and his colleagues would resume their duties on Monday. Under the circumstances, he proposed that the House should adjourn until Tuesday evening. The House accordingly adjourned.

Prague, Friday, June 22d.—The Prussians have passed across the heights of Holledori, where they had an encounter with the Saxon army, in which they seized twelve locomotives in Pluner Neisse.

Saturday, June 23d.—Hostilities have been commenced by the Prussians on the frontier of Silesia. Early yesterday morning three Prussian detachments were sent out to reconnoiter towards Zeuckmantil, Friedberg and Prausnitz. They met at these places the Austrian Lieutenant and Sandhubel, came upon an Austrian regiment of Hussars.

The Prussian needle-gun was very effective and enabled the 10th Fusillier regiment to repulse the charge of the Hussars.

The Austrians lost eight men killed and five wounded. No casualties occurred on the Prussian side.

Berlin, June —, Monday.—The following official telegram has been received: Reichenbach, June 23.—A slight skirmish has taken place between the Prussian Brigade Regiment of Hussars and Brandenburg Dragoons and the Austrian Radetzki and Leopoldi Hussars. One Prussian, Lieut. Major Reichi, was wounded. The enemy lost several prisoners.

It is officially announced that two attempts have been made by the Hanoverian army to break through the Prussian line between Treysa and Gotha. The second attempt, which was made, notwithstanding the truce agreed upon until 8 a. m. on the 25th inst., was repulsed by the Fourth regiment of Prussian infantry. The Prussians sustained no loss, but several of the Hanoverians were wounded.

Gotha, Sunday, June 24.—The commander-in-chief of the Hanoverian troops has declared himself willing to capitulate to the Prussian troops if the Hanoverian officers are personally convinced that the Hanoverians will be completely shut in by a superior number of the Prussian troops. It is believed that the officers will be permitted to withdraw with all the honors of war, together with their arms and horses, and that a free choice of a future residence will be left to the King and Crown Prince of Hanover.

Gotha, Monday, June 25.—It is stated on good authority that the negotiations for the capitulation of the Hanoverians have remained without result.

The King of Hanover has insisted on a free passage for his troops into Bavaria, to aid Austria against Italy.

Paris, Monday, June 25.—The *Moniteur* says: The Hanoverians have succeeded in reaching the territory of Meiningen, after having eluded the Prussian corps, by which they were surrounded.

Frankfort, Monday, June 25.—It is announced here that the Hanoverian army has evaded, near Wetzen Housen, the Prussians, by whom it was surrounded.

Vienna, Saturday July 23.—According to the announcements made by the Austrian outposts, the Italian army cossed the Mincio this morning near Goito, and are advancing slowly to Roverbello.

Goito, Saturday June 23.—The Italian army crossed the Mincio to-day, without meeting any resistance from the Austrians.

Verona, Saturday.—At two this afternoon the Austrian Pulz Brigade reached the outlying forts of Verona without loss, having been assailed back by a powerful force of the Italian cavalry, which, however, did not charge. The Italians advancing upon both banks of the Mincio too avie Peschiera, were repulsed by a short cannonade from the outer forts of that stronghold. Judging from the preparations upon the lower Po, Cialdin will throw a bridge across Dwight near Polesella.

Verona, Sunday, 2 p. m.—A great battle has been in progress since morning between the Italians and Austrians. Both wings of the Italian army have already been repised. The battle still continues.

Berne, Sunday, June 24.—The Austrians have occupied the heights of the Stelvio. Garibaldi is near Lake Garda.

Italian Headquarters, Saturday Evening, June 24.—A desperate engagement has just taken place in front of Verona, lasting almost the whole day. The first corps, which was intended to occupy positions between Peschiera and Verona, did not succeed in the attack. The Second and Third army corps were unable to deliver the First corps from the assault it had to sustain against an overwhelming force. The two latter corps are almost intact.

Milan, Monday, June 25.—An Austrian detachment has descended from the Stelvio Pass and occupied Borneo, in Lombardy, last night.

Official Austrian dispatch—AUSTRIA, Sunday, June 24.—The Archduke Albrecht has forwarded the following dispatch to the Emperor:

The Austrian army while advancing towards the Mincio was attacked to-day by the forces under the command of King Victor Emanuel. The first army corps and Montenuto—by assault and Custazza. At the close of the engagement, at 5 P. M., our forces took several cannon, and many prisoners, and behaved with extraordinary valor and endurance. The king employed in the three corps of the army of the Mincio and the reserve. Prince Amadeus and many Generals were wounded. The enemy at pears to have brought all his troops in succession under fire.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH NO. 2.

Austrian Headquarters, Serovera, Monday, June 25.—The imperial troops have repulsed the enemy at all points, after a hot fight, but not without considerable loss. Custozza was taken by storm, which caused a fresh struggle before that position, in which 2,000 Italians were taken prisoners. The troops are animated by the best spirit.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH NO. 3.

The Austrian flotilla on the Lago Degarda, numbering six gunboats, have cannonaded the enemy's fortifications on the Lombard shore, without sustaining any losses.

On the 23d ult., the enemy, in great force, crossed the Po at several points below Polesella. The Imperial outposts withdrew and came upon a reconnoitering party upon the line of Curtolone, which they drove back, taking several prisoners.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH.

Vienna, Monday, June 25.—The Arch Duke Albert telegraphs from Zerdare, yesterday evening, as follows: "On the 23d inst. the garrison of Mantua made a sortie upon the enemy's corps of observation at Cartulone, repulsed it and took several prisoners."

RETREAT OF THE ITALIANS ACROSS THE MINCIO.

The following telegram has been received from the Arch Duke Albert, dated this morning: "The enemy's forces are driven back and have recrossed the Mincio yesterday evening. The Imperial army is in the best condition and in excellent spirits. The battle of yesterday is called by the Arch Duke the battle of Custozza."

THE ITALIAN FLEET—*Florence, Monday June 25.*—The Italian fleet left Tarento on the 22d, its destination is unknown.

Paris, Monday Evening, June 25.—The *Moniteur* says that the advance of the Prussians into Bohemia will have the effect of preventing General Benedek from entering Silesia, and that an engagement will shortly take place in Bohemia appears inevitable.

In the skirmish which took place on the 23d, between Breitenfuhrt and Landinbel, the Prussians had the advantage.

Mentz, Monday, June 25.—The Grand Duke of Baden has broken off his relations with Prussia.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The London *Times* of the 27th contains several dispatches.

A Leipsic dispatch of the 26th, states that the Prussian army corps arrived, destined to operate against Bavaria.

A Berlin dispatch of the 26th states it is positively announced that the Hanoverian army was completely surrounded, and the demand of the king for twenty-four hours' deliberation on terms of capitulation have been granted.

A Florence dispatch of the 26th, says the papers there assert the want of success in the first battle is but a new motive for redoubled energy and perseverance. The country had full confidence in the army, and the war against Austria would be continued until the complete liberation of Venetia be accomplished.

An official dispatch dated Brescia on the evening of the 25th, says: To-day an engagement took place between the Italian volunteers and Austrians, between the bridge of Cobaro and Lonato. The Austrians were repulsed, leaving several killed and wounded.

A Paris dispatch of the 26th says: A Madrid telegram announces a proclamation of O'Donnell, expressing his determination to vigorously suppress all disturbance.

A letter from Madrid states that 1,750 prisoners were taken during the revolt, 137 of whom had been shot. The total number killed was one thousand.

Cracow, Monday, June 25.—The town of Oswiencin, in Galecia, was attacked yesterday by a battalion of Prussian infantry and two divisions of cavalry which retreated after a loss of eight killed and several wounded. No loss was incurred by the Austrians.

Berlin, Saturday, June 23.—The official *Staatsanzeiger* of to-day, says, after the entry of the Prussian into Electoral Hesse, the King of Prussia again made fresh endeavors to come to an understanding with the Elector.

On the 22d inst., the Prussian minister offered an alliance on bases of the Prussian proposition for the foundation of a new confederation, on condition that the elector should have a Minister which should guarantee the observation of the constitution of 1831. Had this been accepted, the possession of his throne and his sovereign rights, would have been guaranteed to him. The Elector, however, declined the conditions without further hesitation. It was therefore necessary that measures should be adapted to connect the two portions of the Prussian kingdom. The present military position of Prussia is a sure guarantee against a return to the former state of things.

Liverpool Cotton Markets.—June 26.—Evening. Sales Monday and Saturday, 20,000 bales, including 6,500 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is buoyant, with an advance of 1-16d per lb. Others less firmness.

Manchester market was quiet.

Flour quiet but firm. Wheat firm. Corn less firm. Beef firm and upward, with an advance of 2s6d per bbl. Pork firm and advanced 2s6d per bbl. Bacon firmer. Lard very dull. Tallow quiet and steady.

London, June 26—Evening.—Consols closed at 89¼@89¾ for money. American stocks, U. S. 5-20's, 64@64¼; Illinois Central, 74@74½; Erie R. R., 38@38½.

The *Monitour* says the Italian volunteers who were at Como have passed through Secco on their way to the Tyrol.

The Elector of Hesse has been sent to the north.

The King of Prussia has placed the castles of Stettin and Konigsberg at his disposal.

In the *Corps Legislatif*, M. Larabare renewed the attempt to raise a discussion on foreign affairs. He declared that the Chamber ought not to separate without expressing its desire for peace, which would weather the interests of France. The President reminded him that the Chamber had resolved not discuss the question under present circumstances. M. Berger claimed it as his right and his duty to discuss a question in which France might be called upon to interfere. He added, now that war existed, the right of interpellation by a member is no longer possible. Shouts were raised, deafening the speaker's voice, and the matter terminated.

The Paris Bourse was firm, and rentes closed at 68.

GREECE.—The Roufous Ministry has resigned. A new ministry has been formed with M. Paparis as President and Minister of the Interior.

BELGIUM.—A telegram from Brussels says the Count of Flanders has gone to Ostend in order to embark for Mexico.

THE PRINCIPALITIES.—Prince Charles, of Hohenzollern, has issued a proclamation calling for volunteers to join the army, as military action for the defence of the country will soon become necessary.

DENMARK AND RUSSIA.—A dispatch from Copenhagen, of the 23d says: Von Meyer, Danish Minister of St. Petersburg, has arrived here from Kiel. He proceeded immediately to the Palace, where he had an audience of the King.

FRANCE, AUSTRIA AND ITALY.—A dispatch from Vienna says nothing authentic is known respecting the communications which are said to be made by the French embassador to Count Mensdorf. The *Revue Freid Presse* asserts the following to be an analysis of those communications. There is no sort of engagement between France and Prussia or Italy, whereby France could be compelled to take part in the war. She has preserved her full liberty of action and as regards the Italian question, she will not abandon her present reserved policy, so long as she does not see the Italian Kingdom in its present limits is not menaced by an Austrian victory. If Austria will undertake that, in the event of her successfully repelling the attack and pushing her troops into Italy, she will advance no further than Milan. France will not only interfere, but will bring the influential cry for peace assist in bringing about a definitive settlement of the relations between Austria and Italy, and on the conclusion of a durable peace she will find compensation that shall place the Austria an adequate indemnity for the latter's renunciation of the fruits of victory.

A telegram from Madrid of June 23d, says: Yesterday the 30th regiment of foot artillery and a regiment of horse artillery, revolted without their officers. The barracks they occupied were taken by the troops remaining faithful to the Government after an obstinate resistance. The rebels surrendered at discretion. Gen. Narvaz was highly complimented. The insurgents had 25 men killed. The insurgents had left their arms and horses, and that a free choice of a future residence will be left to the King and Crown Prince of Hanover.

Gotha, Monday, June 25.—It is stated on good authority that the negotiations for the capitulation of the Hanoverians have remained without result.

The King of Hanover has insisted on a free passage for his troops into Bavaria, to aid Austria against Italy.

Paris, Monday, June 25.—The *Moniteur* says: The Hanoverians have succeeded in reaching the territory of Meiningen, after having eluded the different Prussian corps, by which they were surrounded.

Frankfort, Monday, June 25.—It is announced here that the Hanoverian army has evaded, near Wetzen Housen, the Prussians, by whom it was surrounded.

Vienna, Saturday July 23.—According to the announcements made by the Austrian outposts, the Italian army cossed the Mincio this morning near Goito, and are advancing slowly to Roverbello.

Goito, Saturday June 23.—The Italian army crossed the Mincio to-day, without meeting any resistance from the Austrians.

Verona, Saturday.—At two this afternoon the Austrian Pulz Brigade reached the outlying forts of Verona without loss, having been assailed back by a powerful force of the Italian cavalry, which, however, did not charge. The Italians advancing upon both banks of the Mincio too avie Peschiera, were repulsed by a short cannonade from the outer forts of that stronghold. Judging from the preparations upon the lower Po, Cialdin will throw a bridge across Dwight near Polesella.

Verona, Sunday, 2 p. m.—A great battle has been in progress since morning between the Italians and Austrians. Both wings of the Italian army have already been repised. The battle still continues.

Berne, Sunday, June 24.—The Austrians have occupied the heights of the Stelvio. Garibaldi is near Lake Garda.

Italian Headquarters, Saturday Evening, June 24.—A desperate engagement has just taken place in front of Verona, lasting almost the whole day. The first corps, which was intended to occupy positions between Peschiera and Verona, did not succeed in the attack. The Second and Third army corps were unable to deliver the First corps from the assault it had to sustain against an overwhelming force. The two latter corps are almost intact.

Milan, Monday, June 25.—An Austrian detachment has descended from the Stelvio Pass and occupied Borneo, in Lombardy, last night.

Official Austrian dispatch—AUSTRIA, Sunday, June 24.—The Archduke Albrecht has forwarded the following dispatch to the Emperor:

The Austrian army while advancing towards the Mincio was attacked to-day by the forces under the command of King Victor Emanuel. The first army corps and Montenuto—by assault and Custazza. At the close of the engagement, at 5 P. M., our forces took several cannon, and many prisoners, and behaved with extraordinary valor and endurance. The king employed in the three corps of the army of the Mincio and the reserve. Prince Amadeus and many Generals were wounded. The enemy at pears to have brought all his troops in succession under fire.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH NO. 2.

Austrian Headquarters, Serovera, Monday, June 25.—The imperial troops have repulsed the enemy at all points, after a hot fight, but not without considerable loss. Custozza was taken by storm, which caused a fresh struggle before that position, in which 2,000 Italians were taken prisoners. The troops are animated by the best spirit.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH NO. 3.

The Austrian flotilla on the Lago Degarda, numbering six gunboats, have cannonaded the enemy's fortifications on the Lombard shore, without sustaining any losses.

On the 23d ult., the enemy, in great force, crossed the Po at several points below Polesella. The Imperial outposts withdrew and came upon a reconnoitering party upon the line of Curtolone, which they drove back, taking several prisoners.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH.

Vienna, Monday, June 25.—The Arch Duke Albert telegraphs from Zerdare, yesterday evening, as follows: "On the 23d inst. the garrison of Mantua made a sortie upon the enemy's corps of observation at Cartulone, repulsed it and took several prisoners."

RETREAT OF THE ITALIANS ACROSS THE MINCIO.

The following telegram has been received from the Arch Duke Albert, dated this morning: "The enemy's forces are driven back and have recrossed the Mincio yesterday evening. The Imperial army is in the best condition and in excellent spirits. The battle of yesterday is called by the Arch Duke the battle of Custozza."

THE ITALIAN FLEET—*Florence, Monday June 25.*—The Italian fleet left Tarento on the 22d. Its destination is unknown.

Paris, Monday Evening, June 25.—The *Moniteur* says that the advance of the Prussians into Bohemia will have the effect of preventing General Benedek from entering Silesia, and that an engagement will shortly take place in Bohemia appears inevitable.

In the skirmish which took place on the 23d, between Breitenfuhrt and Landinbel, the Prussians had the advantage.

Mentz, Monday, June 25.—The Grand Duke of Baden has broken off his relations with Prussia.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The London *Times* of the 27th contains several dispatches.

A Leipsic dispatch of the 26th, states that the Prussian army corps arrived, destined to operate against Bavaria.

A Berlin dispatch of the 26th states it is positively announced that the Hanoverian army was completely surrounded, and the demand of the king for twenty-four hours' deliberation on terms of capitulation have been granted.

A Florence dispatch of the 26th, says the papers there assert the want of success in the first battle is but a new motive for redoubled energy and perseverance. The country had full confidence in the army, and the war against Austria would be continued until the complete liberation of Venetia be accomplished.

An official dispatch dated Brescia on the evening of the 25th, says: To-day an engagement took place between the Italian volunteers and Austrians, between the bridge of Cobaro and Lonato. The Austrians were repulsed, leaving several killed and wounded.

A Paris dispatch of the 26th says: A Madrid telegram announces a proclamation of O'Donnell, expressing his determination to vigorously suppress all disturbance.

A letter from Madrid states that 1,750 prisoners were taken during the revolt, 137 of whom had been shot. The total number killed was one thousand.

Cracow, Monday, June 25.—The town of Oswiencin, in Galecia, was attacked yesterday by a battalion of Prussian infantry and two divisions of cavalry which retreated after a loss of eight killed and several wounded. No loss was incurred by the Austrians.

Berlin, Saturday, June 23.—The official *Staatsanzeiger* of to-day, says, after the entry of the Prussian into Electoral Hesse, the King of Prussia again made fresh endeavors to come to an understanding with the Elector.

On the 22d inst., the Prussian minister offered an alliance on bases of the Prussian proposition for the foundation of a new confederation, on condition that the elector should have a Minister which should guarantee the observation of the constitution of 1831. Had this been accepted, the possession of his throne and his sovereign rights, would have been guaranteed to him. The Elector, however, declined the conditions without further hesitation. It was therefore necessary that measures should be adapted to connect the two portions of the Prussian kingdom. The present military position of Prussia is a sure guarantee against a return to the former state of things.

Liverpool Cotton Markets.—June 26.—Evening. Sales Monday and Saturday, 20,000 bales, including 6,500 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is buoyant, with an advance of 1-16d per lb. Others less firmness.

Manchester market was quiet.

Flour quiet but firm. Wheat firm. Corn less firm. Beef firm and upward, with an advance of 2s6d per bbl. Pork firm and advanced 2s6d per bbl. Bacon firmer. Lard very dull. Tallow quiet and steady.

London, June 26—Evening.—Consols closed at 89¼@89¾ for money. American stocks, U. S. 5-20's, 64@64¼; Illinois Central, 74@74½; Erie R. R., 38@38½.

The *Monitour* says the Italian volunteers who were at Como have passed through Secco on their way to the Tyrol.

The Elector of Hesse has been sent to the north.

The King of Prussia has placed the castles of Stettin and Konigsberg at his disposal.

In the *Corps Legislatif*, M. Larabare renewed the attempt to raise a discussion on foreign affairs. He declared that the Chamber ought not to separate without expressing its desire for peace, which would weather the interests of France. The President reminded him that the Chamber had resolved not discuss the question under present circumstances. M. Berger claimed it as his right and his duty to discuss a question in which France might be called upon to interfere. He added, now that war existed, the right of interpellation by a member is no longer possible. Shouts were raised, deafening the speaker's voice, and the matter terminated.

The Paris Bourse was firm, and rentes closed at 68.

GREECE.—The Roufous Ministry has resigned. A new ministry has been formed with M. Paparis as President and Minister of the Interior.

BELGIUM.—A telegram from Brussels says the Count of Flanders has gone to Ostend in order to embark for Mexico.

THE PRINCIPALITIES.—Prince Charles, of Hohenzollern, has issued a proclamation calling for volunteers to join the army, as military action for the defence of the country will soon become necessary.

DENMARK AND RUSSIA.—A dispatch from Copenhagen, of the 23d says: Von Meyer, Danish Minister of St. Petersburg, has arrived here from Kiel. He proceeded immediately to the Palace, where he had an audience of the King.

FRANCE, AUSTRIA AND ITALY.—A dispatch from Vienna says nothing authentic is known respecting the communications which are said to be made by the French embassador to Count Mensdorf. The *Revue Freid Presse* asserts the following to be an analysis of those communications. There is no sort of engagement between France and Prussia or Italy, whereby France could be compelled to take part in the war. She has preserved her full liberty of action and as regards the Italian question, she will not abandon her present reserved policy, so long as she does not see the Italian Kingdom in its present limits is not menaced by an Austrian victory. If Austria will undertake that, in the event of her successfully repelling the attack and pushing her troops into Italy, she will advance no further than Milan. France will not only interfere, but will bring the influential cry for peace assist in bringing about a definitive settlement of the relations between Austria and Italy, and on the conclusion of a durable peace she will find compensation that shall place the Austria an adequate indemnity for the latter's renunciation of the fruits of victory.

A telegram from Madrid of June 23d, says: Yesterday the 30th regiment of foot artillery and a regiment of horse artillery, revolted without their officers. The barracks they occupied were taken by the troops remaining faithful to the Government after an obstinate resistance. The rebels surrendered at discretion. Gen. Narvaz was highly complimented. The insurgents had 25 men killed. The insurgents had left their arms and horses, and that a free choice of a future residence will be left to the King and Crown Prince of Hanover.

Gotha, Monday, June 25.—It is stated on good authority that the negotiations for the capitulation of the Hanoverians have remained without result.

The King of Hanover has insisted on a free passage for his troops into Bavaria, to aid Austria against Italy.

Paris, Monday, June 25.—The *Moniteur* says: The Hanoverians have succeeded in reaching the territory of Meiningen, after having eluded the different Prussian corps, by which they were surrounded.

Frankfort, Monday, June 25.—It is announced here that the Hanoverian army has evaded, near Wetzen Housen, the Prussians, by whom it was surrounded.

Vienna, Saturday July 23.—According to the announcements made by the Austrian outposts, the Italian army cossed the Mincio this morning near Goito, and are advancing slowly to Roverbello.

Goito, Saturday June 23.—The Italian army crossed the Mincio to-day, without meeting any resistance from the Austrians.

Verona, Saturday.—At two this afternoon the Austrian Pulz Brigade reached the outlying forts of Verona without loss, having been assailed back by a powerful force of the Italian cavalry, which, however, did not charge. The Italians advancing upon both banks of the Mincio too avie Peschiera, were repulsed by a short cannonade from the outer forts of that stronghold. Judging from the preparations upon the lower Po, Cialdin will throw a bridge across Dwight near Polesella.

Verona, Sunday, 2 p. m.—A great battle has been in progress since morning between the Italians and Austrians. Both wings of the Italian army have already been repised. The battle still continues.

Berne, Sunday, June 24.—The Austrians have occupied the heights of the Stelvio. Garibaldi is near Lake Garda.

Italian Headquarters, Saturday Evening, June 24.—A desperate engagement has just taken place in front of Verona, lasting almost the whole day. The first corps, which was intended to occupy positions between Peschiera and Verona, did not succeed in the attack. The Second and Third army corps were unable to deliver the First corps from the assault it had to sustain against an overwhelming force. The two latter corps are almost intact.

Milan, Monday, June 25.—An Austrian detachment has descended from the Stelvio Pass and occupied Borneo, in Lombardy, last night.

Official Austrian dispatch—AUSTRIA, Sunday, June 24.—The Archduke Albrecht has forwarded the following dispatch to the Emperor:

The Austrian army while advancing towards the Mincio was attacked to-day by the forces under the command of King Victor Emanuel. The first army corps and Montenuto—by assault and Custazza. At the close of the engagement, at 5 P. M., our forces took several cannon, and many prisoners, and behaved with extraordinary valor and endurance. The king employed in the three corps of the army of the Mincio and the reserve. Prince Amadeus and many Generals were wounded. The enemy at pears to have brought all his troops in succession under fire.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH NO. 2.

Austrian Headquarters, Serovera, Monday, June 25.—The imperial troops have repulsed the enemy at all points, after a hot fight, but not without considerable loss. Custozza was taken by storm, which caused a fresh struggle before that position, in which 2,000 Italians were taken prisoners. The troops are animated by the best spirit.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH NO. 3.

The Austrian flotilla on the Lago Degarda, numbering six gunboats, have cannonaded the enemy's fortifications on the Lombard shore, without sustaining any losses.

On the 23d ult., the enemy, in great force, crossed the Po at several points below Polesella. The Imperial outposts withdrew and came upon a reconnoitering party upon the line of Curtolone, which they drove back, taking several prisoners.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH.

Vienna, Monday, June 25.—The Arch Duke Albert telegraphs from Zerdare, yesterday evening, as follows: "On the 23d inst. the garrison of Mantua made a sortie upon the enemy's corps of observation at Cartulone, repulsed it and took several prisoners."

RETREAT OF THE ITALIANS ACROSS THE MINCIO.

The following telegram has been received from the Arch Duke Albert, dated this morning: "The enemy's forces are driven back and have recrossed the Mincio yesterday evening. The Imperial army is in the best condition and in excellent spirits. The battle of yesterday is called by the Arch Duke the battle of Custozza."

THE ITALIAN FLEET—*Florence, Monday June 25.*—The Italian fleet left Tarento on the 22d. Its

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.

J. P. PENNIMAN, J. F. HOUSTON. } Editors.
JOHN KING, NELSON P. REED } Business Managers.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1866.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

SHERIFF:
SAMUEL B. CHALFANT, City.
CLERK OF COURT:
JOHN G. BROWN, Hampton Tp.
CLERK OF ORPHANS COURT:
ALEXANDER MILANDS, City.
RECORDER:
HENRY SNIVELY, City.
REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. GRAY, Plum Tp.
COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON, City.
DIRECTOR OF POOR:
JOHN F. DRAVO, Mifflin Tp.
ASSEMBLY:
JOHN P. GLASS, City.
GEORGE WILSON, Pitt Tp.
GEORGE Y. McKEE, North Fayette Tp.
SAMUEL CRAWFORD, Collins Tp.
WILLIAM PETER, Ross Tp.
B. A. COLVILLE City.

NATIONAL UNION PARTY.

There is a possibility the movement inaugurated by Messrs. COWAN, DOOLITTLE and their associates, for a National Union Convention, to be held in Philadelphia, next month may grow into some importance. All the democratic members of both Houses of Congress, except Mr. BUCKALEW, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. SAULSBURY, of Delaware, have endorsed it.

That the Southern States will be fully and powerfully represented does not admit of doubt. The movement is specially in their interest; designed to bring about results the former dominant caste throughout their borders have greatly at heart; and opening to them the door to a fresh career for either renewing their ascendancy inside the Union or to make a fresh attempt at sundering it.

Moreover, if the movement did not originate with the President, it clearly has his sanction. The President, by virtue of his office, of the immense patronage at his disposal, is a power of no secondary importance. But President JOHNSON is no ordinary man. Not of first-rate intellectual abilities, he nevertheless has sufficient capacity to be formidable. But he has what is oftimes more efficient than the highest powers of reasoning; he has great readiness, self-reliance and energy. That he means to succeed in carrying his points against Congress and the loyal people, becomes more and more manifest every day.

It will have been observed that the Democratic Congressmen, in endorsing the proposed Convention, endeavor to set up limitations to their approval. They commit themselves fully only to the particular objects specified. But all persons familiar with the course of events, and observant of the mutations of political parties, understand that these saving clauses are of no effect, and most commonly are designed by those who use them to be temporary. In fact they are mere blinds, by which tenacious people are led into associations they would not otherwise select, and into arrangements from which they would gladly recede if they could do so without performing an act that looks to them like one of desertion.

The Philadelphia Convention, to bring forth fruit, must prove the grave of the Democratic party. If the attempt should be made there to institute a third and distinct organization the enterprise would come to naught, and the individuals concerned therein be exposed to ridicule and contempt. Something more than this is intended. The men who projected the Convention are not playing for a light stake. Not simply does their political conspicuity depend on success; but if they succeed the absolute control of the destiny of the country will pass into their hands.

As commonly occurs in projects of this sort, it will be found difficult to mold the incongruous elements into a harmonious organism. It looks as if, in this desperate effort for mastery, the Democratic party will simply accomplish suicide.

MR. WILSON ON THE TARIFF.

Mr. HENRY W. WILSON, of Massachusetts, said, in his place in the Senate on the 6th instant, that he "hoped the Tariff bill now before Congress would be defeated, unless greatly modified. New England did not want the bill. The demand for it came from Pennsylvania and the northwest."

This is but a repetition of what has happened before. The Protectionists of Massachusetts are inclined to sell out their allies whenever they have accomplished their own ends.

In this case, however, it may be unfair to hold any considerable number of Massachusetts men responsible for Mr. WILSON or his course. On the 4th instant, in a speech at Framingham, Mr. WENDELL PHILLIPS said to his hearers: "You and I know HENRY WILSON. Here, the announcement that no man could trust him as far as he could see him would be received with no surprise." What Mr. PHILLIPS does not know of him it is not worth while for anybody to know.

THE Meadville *Republican* makes this statement:

"Culver, Penn & Co., were the principal owners of the Petroleum and Venango Banks. These Banks were started by Mr. Culver, and took the place of his private banking houses. The bonds were placed with the Auditor General to secure the circulation of the Banks, and they were received by Mr. Culver and his agents *only for the redemption of the bills, and in every instance, the bills of the banks, duly cancelled, were returned to the Auditor General for the full value of the bonds obtained.* They were paid to them by the Auditor General clearly in accordance with the intent of the law which required their deposit to secure their circulation. Culver, Penn & Co., had agencies in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, at which they redeemed the notes of the Venango, Petroleum, Crawford and Oil City Banks, by and with the knowledge and approval of the Banks, and in receiving the bonds from the Auditor General for the cancelled notes of the Banks, they committed no fraud. Furthermore the bonds of the Venango and Petroleum Banks in the hands of the Auditor General at this time are largely in excess of the outstanding circulation of those banks.

The *Republican* charges that the legal proceedings instituted against Mr. CULVER bear the aspect of persecution; and this is attributed to political motives. To what extent political considerations are mixed up in the matter, it is difficult at this distance to tell. But it is easy to see that persons who have been financially ruined by confiding in him are disinclined to take a lenient view of his conduct and motives, and press in every direction, hoping to constrain a settlement.

MR. C. A. WALBORN, Postmaster of Philadelphia, purposes to resign, and become a candidate for Congress against Judge Kelly. Some gentlemen, possessed by the spirit of wagery, have addressed Mr. Walborn to define his position on a number of questions, either in a speech or

WHAT IS INSANITY!

Very erroneous opinions are ordinarily entertained on the subject of insanity, derived in great part from the views promulgated in earlier and less informed periods. The progress of scientific research and the great advances in physiology have served to dispel in great measure the vague and indefinite theories so long held, and to enable those engaged in the study of mental disorders to settle certain distinct principles as the basis of a rational method of treatment.

The mind, being immaterial, cannot become the subject of disease, but its manifestations are disordered by diseased or irregular action of the organ through which those manifestations are made known to us. The brain is now admitted to be the organ of the mind, and the intimate connections between the brain and the whole nervous system, and by this nervous system with the most important organs of the body, enables us to understand more clearly and distinctly why diseases of the principal organs have such an influence on the healthy action of the mind. All persons are familiar with the depressing influence which certain diseases of the stomach, particularly dyspepsia, have on the mind. The attempt to explain fully the intimate relations between the stomach, the nervous system and the brain, and the influence disease of the one may have on another, would lead into a physiological dissertation foreign and unsuited to the object now in hand. It is a fact admitted by all pathologists, that the different forms of mental disorders are to be treated as diseases of the other organs of the body, and it is only by a rational method of treatment carefully and steadily pursued, that restoration from these disorders can be effected; and the fancies and the distressing ideas entertained by the insane are not to be considered in the light of opinions out of which the individual can be reasoned or ridiculed, but as veritable effects of some disordered action or disease of the nervous system to be reached by proper medication.

Joined with this medical treatment, all physicians seek such means as will have a tendency to divert or engage the mind and occupy the attention of the individual, as much as possible. To this latter method is given the term moral treatment, including in that, every moral, physical and hygienic means which can engage the mind, strengthen the bodily organs, and give tone and vigor to the nervous system.

Regarding insanity then as a disease, it follows as a necessary consequence that if that disease is to be removed, the sooner a course of medical and moral treatment is commenced, the more likely will that disease be cured and the mind regain its proper healthy action.

The effort is constantly made to give a definition of insanity, to put in the compass of a few words, something which will give a clear idea of what is sought for. Though the ablest writers and most experienced physicians have frequently made that attempt, no one has yet given a satisfactory definition, inclusive of all that is required. The reason of this will be obvious on consideration. No two individuals, in their healthy state and in the natural exercise of their mental powers, can be found who are so exactly alike in their mental capacities and powers, that a definition would include those powers so as to convey a clear idea of what they distinctively were. There are certain peculiarities of temperament, modes of thought and expression which go to form the destructive character of each individual and these peculiarities are what give him his special identity or his distinction from every other individual. Insanity is the irregular morbid action or perversion of the mental powers of any individual leading him to act or express of thought and feeling the reverse of what was his usual habit in a state of health and sound mind; and every case of insanity must be judged only by a comparison of the individual in his state of mental disorder with himself when in a state of sound mental action, so far as that condition can be ascertained from those who have known him longest and best and are most familiar with his peculiarities.

No rigid standard can be set up to which all cases must be made to conform.

The boundary line between sound and unsound mind is as difficult to trace as that between animal and vegetable beings. Eccentricities of thought and expression cannot be accepted as evidences of mental disorder, unless they are different from the ordinary mental action of a given individual, and every one must have known some one remarkable all their lives for their eccentric behavior and conversation to whom they never thought of applying the term insane. On the same principle the mental condition of an uneducated person must not be judged by the same standard as one highly and carefully educated any more than the mental state of a Frenchman should be judged by that of an Irishman, or that of a German by that of an Englishman in the views which each might take of any particular subject, for it is certain that from national peculiarities and education their opinions would be as diverse as their nationalities. M. D.

GENERAL NEWS.

—A young lady, in a seminary in Maine, being detected in pilfering, committed suicide.

—It is suggested that the graduates of female colleges be diploma-tized as A. M.—Artful Maidens.

—A man in Troy, N. Y., while digging a well lately, shoveled out $3,000 in gold and a lot of spoons.

—The Marquis of Lorn, excepting the royal family, the "first young man in England," is on a visit to this country.

—Mr. James Shea, a rich bachelor of St. Louis, died recently, leaving the bequest of $100,000 to the Hospital of the Sisters of Charity, in that city, in which institution, when poor and friendless, he had received medical care and nursing.

—George Peabody, it is said, has Yale College next on his list of endowments. He is to commence next Spring the erection of a building for a geographical cabinet, with ample accommodations for a chemical laboratory and philosophical lecture room.

—Some young men while bathing in Mobile Bay, were attacked by sharks. One was bitten in two, and then devoured. The others succeeded in escaping. A large number of sharks are believed to be visiting Mobile, attracted by the refuse matter thrown into the water.

—A "millionaire" advertises to the following effect, in *La Patrie*: "A foreign gentlemen, elderly, but a millionaire, and the owner of mines, desires to marry a young French orphan, or even a natural child, free from every natural family tie and completely without fortune."

—A new edifice is to be erected for the Congregational Seminary of Chicago. It will cost about $100,000, and will have a front of one hundred and fifty-five feet. It will have a chapel, library and lecture room attached, and there will be sleeping rooms for one hundred and six students.

—The wife of a clothing merchant of Baltimore eloped on Tuesday last with a Colonel formerly of a New York cavalry regiment, and took with her $11,000, her husband's money, which she had authority to draw from bank, her husband being in Europe. The elopers were overhauled at York, Pennsylvania, and the wife brought back, but the Colonel escaped with all the money.

—The heated term is producing its usual effects upon the tempers of Southern editors. Colonel Jordan, of the Memphis *Appeal*, challenged Galloway, of the *Avalanche*, the other day, and they went to Hernando, Mississippi, where impertinent police people interfered and put them under bonds. They now propose going to Arkansas, where the police are better educated.

—It is stated as a noteworthy fact in connection with the war in Europe that all the countries engaged have increased their supply of coal to an enormous extent. Italy has been importing coal lately in such large quantities that vessels to carry it can scarcely be found. All this is for the Italian navy, and Austria, Prussia, Russia and France are also gathering together enormous supplies of coal.

—The wife of a returned Ohio soldier was alarmed lest her husband should lose his arm, which had been badly wounded by a musket ball; but by her careful nursing it was saved. Eight months after, she gave birth to a child, one of whose arms was perfect, but the other was a stump similar to one with which the wife's mind was impressed at the time the surgeons were talking about taking off her husband's. The scar of the bullet-hole, so visible on the father's arm, was also visible on the

Rents in Wall Street—Some Mammoth Figures.

(New York Letter to the Rochester American.)

It is now a question whether a rent can be demanded for certain (Metropolitan) localities so extravagant as to shut off tenants. The high rents of ten years ago appear trifling when compared with the present rates; and hence one may well wonder when the demand will abate. The marble building corner of Nassau and Cedar streets rents, in the aggregate, for $250,000 per year; this sum being made up by the various banks, brokers and lawyers, who play the agreeable part of tenants. The board of brokers pay annually $25,000 for a chamber about fifty by seventy feet, in which its daily sessions are held. Brokers offices club together, and half a dozen desks may be seen in a single basement. The most profitable rental, relative to its cost, in the world, is Trinity Building. This is a plain structure of common brick, about forty feet front by one hundred and sixty feet deep. It stands next to Trinity Church in Broadway, near Wall street. It cost $200,000 in 1852, and then rented for $30,000, its use being coal offices and banking. The rate has gradually advanced until its aggregate rent roll is about $175,000, or about eighty-per cent. per annum. Trinity building is now chiefly occupied by Pennsylvania mines; and $4,000 is paid for second class offices. The yearly sales of coal in this building amount to 2,000,000 tuns.

The increase of rents, of which the above is an illustration, prevails through a certain range of business localities. This includes Wall street and Broadway, for one mile along the latter throughfare, also the streets adjacent to it. The term "Wall street" embraces several adjacent streets into which it has poured its monetary current, and elevated them into equal value. One of these is Broad street, which the writer remembers twenty-five years ago as a Metropolitan Sleepy-Hollow, where the winds sighed lazily through the trees, and the silence was broken only by an occasional cart. Now, Broad street is full of brokers and the roar and light of stock exchange market, a concourse which at times is a Bull run of defeat, and at others is a rush of success.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS, OR WORM LOZENGES.—Much sickness undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no positive injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children.

Children having worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often cause prolonged sickness.

Symptoms of worms in children are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation which can be removed only by the use of some remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making BROWN'S "VERMIFUGE COMFITS" is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

Sold wholesale and retail in Pittsburgh, at FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street. jy7:TTW

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

YOUNG MEN'S MERCANTILE LIBRARY AND MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—The regular Quarterly Meeting of this Association will be held on

Tuesday, the 10th inst.,

at the Library Hall, at 8 o'clock P. M.
W. M. R. EDWARDS, Secretary.
jy9:td2

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 7th, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, 13th instant, for grading Monterey street.
By direction of the Street Committee.
E. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.
jy7

J. S. NEWMYER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And dealers in Flour, Grain, Feed and Produce. Cash advances made on consignments.
Warehouse, No. 396 PENN STREET, opposite Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy7:TSS

VALUABLE STOCKS AND BONDS—TUESDAY EVENING, July 10th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on the second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
50 shares Exchange National Bank,
20 " Allegheny do do;
30 " Second do do.
4 Monongahela Navigation Co. Bonds for $1,000 each.
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—167 acres all good tillable land, about 40 acres in timber; remainder in a good state of cultivation. Dwelling house of five rooms and cellar; well of water at the door; large barn, stable, etc.; garden and orchard of young trees; 25 acres of meadow. Also 30 acres of choice land 3½ miles from Allegheny city; dwelling house and stable; two wells, etc.
S. GUTHRIE & SONS, 54 Market st.

PAYING EMPLOYMENT.

$100 PER MONTH.—Agents wanted by the AUBURN PUBLISHING CO., in every township, to sell their valuable Books for the People, including the Jaser HINTON OF THE REBELLION. For full particulars and liberal offers, address
E. G. STORKE, Auburn, N. Y.
jy9:f47

AN ORDINANCE relative to the opening of Bates alley, in the Borough of Lawrenceville.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Lawrenceville*, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That Bates alley, as now laid down in the plan of said Borough, taking the old throughfare as the centre, and located along the same from Butler street to the public highway of said borough, of a uniform width of twenty feet.

Ordained and enacted into a law this sixth day of July, A. D. 1866.
J. C. BUFFUM, Burgess.
J. J. COVERT, Secretary. jys

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street,

Offer for sale their remaining stock of

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.
jy9

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND COAL LANDS FOR SALE.—By order of the District Court of Allegheny county, in partition, No. 114, I offer for sale on the premises, in the occupancy of Mrs. SUSAN B. WILSON, in Elizabeth township, on FRIDAY, August 3d, 1866, at 1 o'clock, A. M., the Real Estate of the late Samuel Wilson, deceased, consisting of Parpart No. 1, on which are the Brick Mansion House, Barn, Stable, &c.; containing 116 acres and 39 perches, or 42-10 perches of Coal, and 104 acres 147 2-10 perches of Coal, by survey, and purpart No. 2 on which are a small Log Tenant House and Stable, containing 38 acres 34 1-10 perches, of which there are 38 acres 98½ perches of Coal.

TERMS—One-third cash on delivery of deed after confirmation of sale; the balance to be paid in two equal annual instalments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
THOS. J. KENAN, Master in Chancery.
jy7:f20w8 No. 117 Diamond street.

TIBBY, M'KEE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
FLINT GLASS PRESCRIPTION VIALS AND BOTTLES.
Office, No. 90 WATER STREET, 2d floor.
Works, LUMBER STREET, near Penn.
☞ All ware warranted equal to any in the city.
jy7:124-TTS

BUY IT! TRY IT!
SCULL'S BAKING POWDER
Is now the best in the market, taking precedence of all other makes. Pronounced by the most experienced Bakers and Cooks to be the BEST IN USE. It is QUICK, SURE and NUTRITIOUS; is guaranteed free from anything but what is pure and healthful.
Don't Fail to Get It.
For sale by all Grocers in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
Office and Salesroom, 134 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia. jy7:f29,TTS

FARM FOR SALE.—I offer for sale my farm of two hundred acres, lying on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, six miles south of Kenton, Hardin county, Ohio. The farm is well watered by springs and Silver Creek, which runs through the lands. About 100 acres cleared. A good two-story Frame Dwelling, two tenant houses, two orchards, and other improvements. Will be sold together or in two lots. Terms, one-third down, and balance in two equal annual payments, with interest.
PETER CALHOUN.
jy7:f19:wF

FOUND, ON THE 3d OF JULY, on St. Clair street.

A BREAST PIN,
Which the owner can have by calling at THIS OFFICE and proving property. jy7:f20

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, }
PITTSBURGH, PA., July 2, 1866. }
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, notice is hereby given that the ADDITIONAL STOCK
authorized shall, until further notice, be assigned to subscribers at the rate of SIXTY-SIX DOLLARS for each share.
A. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
jy7:f27:td2w

FOR SALE.—Under an order from the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, I will, on the 23RD DAY OF AUGUST, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Court House, sell at Public Auction, the HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND, formerly the residence of Lorena Franklin, deceased, situate in Reserve township, being lots Nos. 124 and 125 of Belgenegra's plan of lots, having erected thereupon a good and substantial Frame House. Terms, two-thirds cash, and balance in one year from day of sale.
JOHN BATEMAN, Adm'r.
Jy6:f240

BEEF TONGUES.
EXTRA SMOKED BEEF TONGUES,
Just received and for sale by the dozen or piece, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. BENSHAW,
jy7 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

ED. KAYLOR, Pres't .....W. S. MCELROY, Sec'y.
PITTSBURGH BOLT COMPANY.
WE ARE PREPARED to make all kinds of Bolts, from ½ to 2 inches in diameter.
JOINT BOLTS, CAR BOLTS,
PLOW BOLTS, CARRIAGE BOLTS,
BUILDING BOLTS, FOUNDATION BOLTS,
SPLICE BOLTS, SET SCREWS,
NUT WASHERS, &c., &c.
Corner Morton and Butler Sts., Ninth Ward. Orders left at Fort Pitt Foundry.
General Blacksmithing promptly attended to.
jy9:f34

SWARTWOUT'S
PATENT METALLIC
PAPER FASTENER AND BINDER,
For fastening Law Papers, Specifications, Patent Papers, Cloth Samples, Manufactures of every description. For binding Magazines, Sheet Music, Newspapers, Periodicals, Pamphlets, &c., &c., of all kinds, combining security and durability with rapidity and economy.
THE ICONOGRAPHER.
This is an ingenious and simple mechanical instrument for copying the outlines of Engravings, Architectural Designs, Plans of Machinery, Pictures, Scroll Work in Wood, Embroidery and other Patterns, Maps, Crayon Etchings, and all drawings.
FOR SALE BY
W. S. HAVEN,
CORNER WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.
jy9:f38

A CONCERT,
Exhibition and Three Tableaux
WILL BE GIVEN AT
MASONIC HALL, Pittsburgh,
THIS (Monday,) and TO-MORROW (Tuesday) EVENINGS, July 9th and 10th.
By the pupils of Public School No. 6, assisted by the pupils of Avery College.

The great Dramatic Tableaux of "Slavery and Freedom" will be presented to the public, and a company of our returned colored soldiers, from different regiments, will appear on the stage and drill during its performance.

We hope this very expensive effort of ours to develop the talents of our young folks will receive due encouragement from our friends and the public.

Tickets of admission, 40 cents, or three for one dollar. Reserved seats, 50 cents. Children's tickets, 25 cents. Tableaux books 10 cents each. Checks for ice cream, cake and soda water can be purchased at the ticket office or from others in the hall.

Doors opened at 7½ o'clock; exhibition will begin at 8 o'clock.

An efficient police force will be present to preserve order.
SAMUEL A. NEALE, Principal.
MARY M. WARE, Assistant.

FARM AND COAL LAND FOR SALE

In Robinson township, six miles out the Steubenville Pike, three-quarters of a mile from Mansfield, a farm of thirty-one acres, of which twenty-five acres is underlaid with coal. From 2 to 3 acres of the tract is well timbered. The improvements are a log house and barn, and a frame stable, and all under good fence. It is well watered. The coal lies at such an elevation as will render the shipment of it on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad easy. Apply for further particulars to
S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
57 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.
JOS. SPENCER ..... JAS. M'KAY.
SPENCER & McKAY,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS
OF
Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. jel9:f66

STEAM ENGINE, BOILERS, ETC., FOR SALE.
One Steam Engine, with boilers and a Worthington Pump, the engine nearly new and first-class in every iron bed-plate, pulleys, &c., &c., of 10 inches face, steam pipes and force pump, together with thirty feet of shafting and pulleys. Also, two double 16-inch flued Boilers, each 26 feet by 42 inches, and one single Worthington Pump, cylinder 12 inch stroke by 8 inch diameter. Inquire of
JOHN PHILLIPS, 26 St. Clair street, or
ISAAC JONES,
jy2:f64 Corner of Ross and First streets.

WM. HERLEHY ..... R. JOHNSON.
HERLEHY & JOHNSON,
PRACTICAL
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,
Fifth Street Extension,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
All orders by mail executed satisfactorily and promptly attended to.
A full line of Bath Tubs, Pumps, Basins, Water Closets, Sinks, Chandeliers, Pendants, and Gas Shades, for sale at the most reasonable prices.
Orders from country patrons by mail promptly attended to.
Gum Hose of every description. je21:d88

REMOVAL OF THE HORSE MARKET,
In Allegheny City, from the ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, Federal street, to the WM. PENN HOUSE, corner of Pasture Lane and Jackson street.
The OPENING SALE to commence on FRIDAY, June 29th, and to continue EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY.
P. McNAMEE, Auctioneer.
je27:e29

J. DIAMOND,
Practical Optician,
And Manufacturer of the
RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES,
Which are warranted to preserve, strengthen and improve the sight. For sale only by
J. DIAMOND,
No. 22 St. Clair Street.

F. MUSSMANN,
Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,
GUNSMITH AND DEALER IN HARDWARE
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice. je:3:d96

BUY YOUR NOTIONS,
Toys, Baskets,
VARIETIES, &C., AT
J. G. LAUER'S
Variety and Store, No. 101 Market street.
a15

$9,00. WHO CAN BEAT THIS? $9,00.
For Two Weeks Only.
I am selling a good FRENCH CALF SKIN BOOT, of my own make, for the small sum of NINE DOLLARS, at No. 36 Market street.
my26:e32 DANIEL REA, Jr.

JAMES M. RALPH,
ARCHITECT,
Prepares EXPLICIT DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS for all kinds of Buildings, and superintends their erection, on reasonable terms.
Office on ANDERSON STREET, between Reed and Robinson streets, ALLEGHENY. je20:d72

CATAWBA WINE.—20 cases Zimmerman's Cincinnati Sparkling
CATAWBA WINE,
Quarts and pints, on hand and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin sts.
jy3

CLARET AND CHAMPAGNE
WINE.
75 cases and baskets just received per Pa. R. R., by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin sts.
jy3

BREWERY FOR SALE.—A new Brick Steam Brewery, 20 barrels capacity, fitted up in the most modern style, with excellent cellar and drainage, and supplied with water from the city water works. It is situated on one of the most public thoroughfares and best business locations in the city of Cleveland, Ohio, with ample room on same lot to erect a Malt House. For particulars, apply to T. COLLINGS,
je23:d91 49 Hurd st., Cleveland, W. R., Ohio.

FOR SALE,
16 head heavy Draught Horses;
1 pair Bay Carriage Horses;
1 pair Dapple Grey Horses;
2 single Driving Horses.
Enquire of ROBT. SIMPSON,
Pearl Mills Stable,
Corner of Rebecca and School sts., Allegheny.
je20:d87

PRODUCE FOR SALE BY HENRY REA, JR., 249 Liberty street:
4,000 bushels prime Shelled Corn;
1,000 bushels prime Ear Corn;
2,000 bushels prime Oats;
400 bushels prime Spring Barley;
60,000 pounds White Middlings;
6,000 pounds Shorts;
200 bushels Clover Seed. jy7:ot2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES PRIZE
CONCERT!
Second Postponement!
To Ticket Holders in the U. S. Prize Concert:
The undersigned, Manager of the U. S PRIZE CONCERT, which was to have come off in Chicago, July 9th, regrets the necessity of announcing that
Another Postponement
Is absolutely necessary to secure full and satisfactory reports from Agents, in order that the registry of all tickets sold may be correctly made, previous to drawing. SPECIAL AGENTS have been appointed to visit points from which our local agents have failed to make proper and reliable reports; and as soon as all the tickets disposed of are properly registered, (as they only can be on reception of full reports from agents,) the Concert and Drawing will take place.

Circulars have been sent to all the local agents, expressly and earnestly urging them to report in time for the drawing on the 4th of July, but hundreds of these agents have failed to report as instructed.

When the reports shall have been received, and a correct registry of tickets made, TEN DAYS' NOTICE of the Concert and Drawing will be published in the Chicago papers, and in leading papers throughout the United States.

The Manager doubts not that when the immense labor of perfecting the registry of tickets, and adjusting properly the reports of thousands of agents is properly considered, (a labor which is essential to a fair, just and impartial drawing,) the ticket holders will see the necessity, as well as the propriety, of a second postponement until such a time as the business alluded to may be fully and correctly completed.

Until the time of drawing is announced, as before stated, there will be no more tickets sold, except to fill orders accompanied with the name and address of those for whom they may be ordered. This will ensure a prompt and correct registry up to the day announced for the concert and drawing to take place.

Trusting the above reasons for the second postponement of the U. S. PRIZE CONCERT will be satisfactory to its numerous patrons.

I remain, respectfully, &c.,
J. M. WIGGINS,
MANAGER.
jy9:f38

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
123 Penn Street,
FIFTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.
Deposits received and interest allowed on deposits.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States.
ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Bought and Sold;
THE STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY RESPONSIBLE.
ROBERT DICKSON, President.
JOHN H. RAINSTON, Vice President.
ROBERT J. GRIER, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
ROBERT DICKSON, CHARLES MYERS,
JOHN H. RAINSTON, JOSEPH WOOD,
WILLIAM SMITH, WILLIAM BIGELOW,
CHAS. H. ARMSTRONG WM. CRAWFORD, Jr.,
JAMES LITTELL, H. L. SIEBERT,
DR. J. AHL, JAMES TAYLOR.
jy6:f17

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 & 73 Fifth Street, 2d floor,
Are now in receipt of an unusually large and choice stock of
Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Damasks, Repps, Terries, Lace and Nottingham Curtains.
With a host of new and elegant patterns of Cornice to match. Velvet, Brussels, Wilton and Mossic RUGS, all of the latest designs, direct from the most celebrated looms of Europe, to which we call and to an examination of which the public are cordially invited.
As this immense stock was purchased before the late rise in gold, it will readily be seen that our patrons share equally with us the advantages of purchasing at the lowest market rates. jy4

PETROLIA
BLUE LEAD.
We are now prepared to furnish this STANDARD brand of
BLUE LEAD,
For Refiners' use, promptly and in any quantity.
We guarantee the QUALITY to be SUPERIOR to ANY manufactured in or brought to this city.
T. H. NEVIN & CO.,
N. W. Corner Third and Market Sts.
je21:d75

CARPET CHAIN.
PLAIN & COLORED, COTTON & LINEN.
ALSO,
COTTON YARNS, ASSORTED NUMBERS
ALL OF BEST QUALITY, FOR SALE BY
A. H. CHILDS & CO.,
At Hope Cotton Mill,
ALLEGHENY CITY, JUST ABOVE RAILROAD BRIDGE.
Samples may be seen and orders left with H. CHILDS & CO., No. 133 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
je21:e17

J. W. JOHNSTON ..... JAS. SCOTT.
JOHNSTON & SCOTT,
DEALERS IN
Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
SILVER-PLATED WARE, ETC.,
No. 274 LIBERTY STREET,
Pittsburgh, Penna.
☞ Particular attention given to Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted. je5:d38

PITTSBURGH IRON WORKS.
J. PAINTER & SONS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Bucket, Tub and Trunk HOOPS AND SHEETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. C. DUFFY,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,
And dealer in STOVES, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, WATER COOLERS AND TOILET ARTICLES.
No. 146 Grant Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
This House is the Cheapest place in the city to buy Stoves and Tin Ware. Job Work promptly attended to. my26:d63

ALLEGHENY CITY FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
S. C. McMASTER & CO.,
No. 155 Ohio St., Allegheny,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Flour, Feed & Grain.
Cash paid for Wheat and Rye. je7:e54

GENERAL DRAUGHTING OFFICE.
H. P. GENGEMBRE, Civil Engineer, Chemist and Solicitor of Patents, No. 12 St. Clair Street, Post Office Box 688, Residence, 14 Hay street, Pittsburgh, Pa. je14:d16

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,
PENNSYLVANIA
IRON WORKS,
Warehouse, Nos. 165 and 167 First street, opposite Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MONEY LOAN OFFICE, No. 151 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of Sixth, Pittsburgh.
Money Loaned on Silver Plates, Guns Pistols, Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Clothing, and valuable articles of every description. The Goods cannot be delivered without a ticket. Not accountable in case of Fire or Robbery. Goods of every description for sale at lowest prices. EMANUEL DuROY.
(le14:d20)

FINE ENGRAVED AND CUT GLASSWARE
Of all kinds. Also, beautiful PARIAN STATUETTES. A choice lot just received at
No. 22 Wood Street.
H. RIGBY.
je21

BELTING! BELTING!! Leather and Gum Belting. Also, Gum Packing Gaskets, Lace Leather, Hose, &c., of the best quality, and at the lowest prices, at the India Rubber Depot of J. H. PHILLIPS,
20 and 22 St. Clair Street.
jy4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MANHATTAN
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.
ORGANIZED 1850.
HENRY STOKES, President.
C. Y. WEMPLE, Secretary.
S. S. STEBBINS, Actuary.
Pittsburgh Branch Agency,
H. L. RINGWALT, Agent,
No. 67 Fourth Street, 2d Story.
BOARD OF REFERENCE IN PITTSBURGH:

Hon. James Lowrey, Jr., ex-Mayor.	W. H. Phelps, John Phillips.
J. H. Stewart, Sheriff.	Alex. Leggate.
Robert Robb, Attorney.	Geo. H. Anderson.
W. G. Moreland, do	James Lippincott.
Joseph Pennock.	H. P. Mueller, Attorney.
Joshua Hanna.	Henry Bailey.
Reuben Miller, Jr.	Augustus Roessler.
Josiah King.	C. Schoveler.
W. K. Hart.	Reinhold Siedle.
J. B. Canfield.	A. H. D. Edler.
Joseph M. Lippincott.	Wm. Euler.
J. J. Gillespie.	A. Steinmyer.
W. O. Hughart.	

DR. R. M. TINDLE, 4th st. } Medical Examiners.
DR. SAM'L FLOYD, 6th st. }

ADVANTAGES OVER OTHER COMPANIES,
Immense Dividends Annually.
Annual Receipts Over $2,000,000.
NO CLAIMS UNPAID.
All forms of Life and Endowment Policies Issued.
NON-FORFEITING LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES PAYABLE IN FIVE AND TEN ANNUAL PAYMENTS.
Premiums Payable in Cash Annually, Semi-Annually, or Quarterly. Note may be given for Half Premium.
EXPENSES LESS THAN ANY ALL CASH COMPANY.
Has One Hundred and Thirty-Two Dollars for Every Hundred Dollars at Risk.
DIVIDENDS CONTINUED AFTER DEATH, SO THAT THE INSURANT GETS A DIVIDEND ON EACH PREMIUM PAID.
Persons desiring Insurance can get all the information required by calling on the Agent of the MANHATTAN.
H. L. RINGWALT,
67 Fourth Street.

H. L. RINGWALT, AGENT FOR THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.—DEAR SIR: It gives me great pleasure to state that the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, of New York, who had insured the life of ROBERT H. NICHOLSON,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

TRIMMINGS AT

EATON'S.

A Beautiful Line of

WHITE AND BLACK BEAD TRIMMINGS, GUIPURE LACES, WHITE GUIPURE LACES, CROCHET BUTTONS, etc., etc.,

WITH A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

LADIES' COTTON HOSIERY, MISSES COTTON HOSIERY, BOYS' COTTON HOSIERY, GENTS COTTON HALF HOSE, GENTS' LISLE THREAD HOSE, LADIES' WHITE SILK GLOVES, BUFF SILK GLOVES, SQUARE LACE VEILS, BLACK SPOTTED NETS, REAL LACES AND EDGINGS, LINEN COLLARS & CUFFS,

WITH A COMPLETE STOCK OF

EMBROIDERIES, WHITE GOODS, FANCY GOODS, *AND NOTIONS,*

At Wholesale or Retail, at

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

jy7

GAUZE MERINO UNDERWEAR, FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Linen and Jean Drawers;

New Kid Gloves at 75 cents a pair;

White Cotton Hose at 12 cents a pair;

Five Pair good Cotton Hose for $1,00;

Parasols and Silk Sun Umbrellas;

Fans in every variety and price;

NEW STYLE PUFF WAISTS;

Puff Berlin Gloves.

NEW GOODS RECEIVING DAILY AT

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.

je12

AT

JOS. HORNE & CO's.

SUN-DOWN, SUNBEAM AND DERBY HATS, MAY QUEEN, DEW DROPS, GIPSIE, DAISIES, COQUETTE AND HAMILTON HATS, CHIP, HAIR, STRAW & NON-RETS in new shapes. Flums, in all the fashionable styles. RIBBONS, plain, figured and checked, all widths. FLOWERS, WREATHS, BUDS and ROSES. STRAW GOODS, TRIMMINGS and ORNAMENTS.

Millinery Goods.

SWISS, CHECKS, BRILLIANT, NAINSOOKS, TARLATANS, SHIRRED MUSLINS, LINENS, and a full assortment of

WHITE GOODS.

REAL AND IM. CHNY LACE COLLARS, REAL AND IM. VAL LACE COLLARS, REAL POINTE LACE COLLARS, SETTS and HANDKERCHIEFS, HAMBURG TRIMMINGS, and FLOUNCING, SWISS AND CAMBRIC EDGE AND INSERTINGS, LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS AND SETTS, various styles.

Puff Illusion, Swiss and French Cambric Waists.

PARIS RUFFLINGS AND SHIRTING, COLLARS, SETTS, EDGINGS, FRILLINGS and EMBROIDERIES, SILK TRIMMINGS, FRINGE AND CHUNY LACE, GALLOONS, FANCY BRAID, BUTTON, BALL AND DROP TRIMMING.

Bead Streamers Ornaments and Setts.

BUTTONS.

In the choicest styles in BEAD, SILK, FANCY CROCHET, BLACK AND WHITE PEARL, IMPERIELLE, JET, BALL, GLASS AND CAMEO, plain and painted.

CORSETS, NETS, COILS, HAIR PUFFS AND ROLLS; DUPLEX ELLIPTIC and BON TON HOOP SKIRTS; CORDS, BRAIDS, BELTINGS, CLASPS, BUCKLES; FANS in great variety from palm leaf to ivory; SUMMER UNDERWEAR, for ladies and gents; SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, BUTTERFLIES; SPANISH LINEN SHIRTS; TRAVELLING BAGS and SATCHELS; HAIR BRUSHES; COMBS; and a

FULL LIVE OF NOTIONS.

ALL AT POPULAR PRICES.

Nos. 77 and 79 *Market Street.*

je15:d24

NEW GOODS!

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

We are now opening an elegant assortment of NEW GOODS, embracing the richest styles of

REAL LACE GOODS, RICH SILK PARASOLS, ELEGANT PARTY FANS, FINE BONNET RIBBONS, NEW STYLE DRESS TRIMMINGS, REAL GUIPURE LACES, FINE PEARL BUTTONS.

We have just opened a beautiful lot of REAL CLUNGY LACES AND INSERTINGS. We would invite special attention to a new and splendid assort ment of LADIES' BUFF AND WHITE BERLIN GLOVES, GLOVES in the new Petroleum and Havana Shades, An assortment of new colors in KID GLOVES, BLACK LACE MITTS—new styles; A most complete assortment of LADIES' and CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE, GENTS' FINE SHIRTS, DRESS SHIRTS; COLLARS, HALF HOSE, SUSPENDERS, UMBRELLAS, &c.; LADIES' and GENT'S GAUZE MERINO UNDERVESTS.

To Merchants and Dealers.

Our Wholesale Department, now well stocked with every thing in the NOTION LINE, which we offer to the Trade as low as any house East or West.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Agents for the "LOCKWOOD MANUFACTURING COMPANY." BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT at Manufacturers' Prices.

my12

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Have just opened a large new stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

Adapted to the present season's trade, which they offer at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

New Prints, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams, White Goods, Dress Goods, Shawls, Balmorals, Notions, Cottonades, Farmers' & Mechanics' Cassimeres, Jeans Cloths, Linens, Drills, Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, BURLAPS, COTTON & LINEN DUCK, &C.

Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock and prices. je11

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 Wood St.,

(Third house above Diamond Alley,)

je15:d12 PITTSBURGH, PA.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

NO. 6 FEDERAL STREET,

Third door from Suspension Bridge.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Branch Store at Salem, Ohio. my26:d&w

R. B. JEFFRIES,

Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

No. 6 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞A large assortment of MEERSCHAUM PIPES and SMOKING TOBACCO of the best quality kept on hands.

GEORGE BLUMENSCHEIN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

SEGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, &c.,

No. 4 Seventh Street,

Near corner of Liberty.)

my23:bd1 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN MEGRAW,

MANUFACTURER OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

45 Hand Street.

A general assortment of Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my24:bd1

BERNARD WIEMAN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO SNUFF AND SEGARS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 205 Ohio St., Allegheny City.

je7:d19

PAINTERS.

JOHN T. GRAY,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTER, GRAINER AND GLAZIER,

No. 54 Hand St., Pittsburgh.

Plain and Ornamental Signs of every description done to order. All work done promptly at reasonable rates. je8:d27

WILLIAM M. BROWN,

Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

North East corner of Third and Market Streets

my21 PITTSBURGH.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1866.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

The Gazette.—Persons leaving the city during the summer, can have the GAZETTE mailed to them by leaving their address at our counting room.

Sentences in Quarter Sessions.

The Quarter Sessions Court met on Saturday at ten o'clock, with Judges Sterrett, Stowe and Brown on the bench, and the following business was transacted:

FOR AGGRAVATED ASSAULT AND BATTERY, &c.

Thomas Smith, keeper of a licensed tavern on Grant street, at the corner of Second, appeared in Court, according to promise, to receive the judgment of the Court for an aggravated assault and battery, of which a jury convicted him some time since, and also on two indictments for selling liquor prior to receiving his license, to which he had pleaded guilty. For the aggravated assault and battery he was sentenced to pay a fine of two hundred dollars, and to undergo three months imprisonment in the county jail. Upon one indictment for illegal liquor selling he was required to pay a fine of thirty dollars, and upon the other to pay a fine of one hundred dollars and to undergo an imprisonment of twenty days in the jail—the sentence last pronounced to take effect after the expiration of that given in the assault and battery case.

FOR STEALING A GUN.

James Dougherty, for playing the thief in the midst of calamity, the destruction by fire of Lafayette Hall, in feloniously appropriating a valuable gun, was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year.

SENT TO THE HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Henry Mayhew, the youth, aged fourteen, (he said,) who burglariously entered the residence of William Penn, and office of Dr. Roberts, in South Pittsburgh, and feloniously took therefrom, a lot of ladies and gentlemen's clothing and other articles, was ordered to be sent to the House of Refuge, on account of his apparent youth.

A CHEESE THIEF.

Thomas McDonald, for feloniously appropriating cheese from the premises of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year.

DEALT WITH SEVERELY.

John (or "Johnny") Walls, a resident of the Fifth ward, and a noted law-breaker, was the next prisoner called up for sentence. He was arrested a short time since, but after having long successfully eluded the law officers, and following his incarceration there were brought forward a number of charges for him to answer. Last week he was tried for riot and aggravated assault and battery, the jury convicting. Three indictments for selling liquor illegally were also taken from the files, to which he pleaded guilty. For the riot, &c., the court required him to pay a fine of three hundred dollars and to undergo one year and nine months imprisonment in the Penitentiary. Upon each of the three liquor indictments he was required to pay a fine of one hundred dollars, and on one of them, charging a second offense, to spend three months in jail—the aggregate in fines is six hundred dollars, and imprisonment two years.

TOOK IT SMILINGLY.

Benjamin Johnston, a bright mulatto, hailing originally from Charlestown, Va., was next called up to hear his fate. Through the influence of others, (he said) he was induced to take a pair of pantaloons and vest. He said he came from Charlestown, Va., and that it was the first time he had offended or been before a Court of Justice. He was sentenced to jail for three months.

SENTENCED FOR "THIRTY DAYS."

William Smith, for the larceny of clothing, (recommended to mercy by the jury,) and Mary J. Houghton, for the larceny of clothing from Daniel Barr, were each sentenced to thirty days imprisonment in the jail.

CAUGHT COILING IT.

William Boniface (an old case) and James Kernan, tried separately and convicted of alternately attempting to steal a boat line or cable belonging to Mr. Shallenberger, from the Allegheny river, were next brought up. Their counsel called the attention of the Court to the evidence of Jas. Coulter, which was to the effect that the men were drunk, and scarcely knowing what they were doing at the time there might be some doubt as to felonious design. Judge Sterrett said it had appeared in the evidence that the accused were carefully coiling the cable when discovered. Boniface, when asked the question, intimated that he had understood the Court previously, in Judge McClure's time, and added that it was not their intention to take the rope, but were going to use it for the purpose of shifting a barge, having been employed to so do by "some man," who they had not known before, nor seen since, as they were immediately arrested and had been incarcerated until the present time. It appeared, however, that Kernan had been released on bail to answer, but had been apprehended on another charge of stealing. Both men, heretofore, good in life, were consigned to the county prison for ninety days.

A SMALL LARCENY.

Henry Cunningham, for stealing a pair of child's shoes from Borland's, in Market street, was sentenced to remain in jail thirty days longer. He has been in prison two months.

ANOTHER LIQUOR SELLER SENTENCED.

John Mulheron, of Grant street, for selling liquor without license, was sentenced to pay a fine of seventy-five dollars. There were two indictments against him, but neither charg d a second offense.

TIME EXTENDED.

Cecelia Jeffries, for the larceny of clothing from Cinthia Ann Albin—a woman believed to be of no better character than defendant—had her term of imprisonment extended sixty days.

WANTS HIS LIBERTY.

John Boyle, the man who was wounded nigh unto death, on the Monongahela bridge, a short time ago, by a pistol shot, fired by a man named Mitchell, addressed a note to Judge Stowe, setting forth the facts in his case and desiring his release from prison in order that he might go to his wife at Allentown, who is there resided with her father. It seems that Boyle, before his wound had healed, was arrested and lodged in jail for assault and battery and larceny of the same complainant of Mitchell. The grand jury returned the assault and battery bill *ignoramus*, for the reason that Mitchell had failed to appear as required. The surety on the recognizance therefore the only case pending against him, and as there seemed to be no prospect of its being further prosecuted, he desired to be released. Boyle was brought in, and after being questioned, was remanded, the Court remarking that his case would be attended to on Monday. Mitchell, the man who did the shooting, had a hearing before the Mayor, and it appearing that he had acted in self-defence, was discharged from custody, after Boyle had been pronounced out of danger from his wound—a more summary proceeding than has been usual in such kind of cases.

DID NOT RESPOND.

Messrs. Lofink, Eberhardt, Einstein and others, under conviction for selling liquor on Sunday at their different places in the vicinity of Troy Hill, were called, and not responding, processes were ordered to be issued to compel their attendance.

Court adjourned till Monday.

A Songster Captured.

About six o'clock on Saturday morning a bright-plumaged canary bird sought refuge in the cool quiet of Alderman Lynch's office. The visit of the grial stranger caused some surprise to the magistrate—who even at that early hour was at his post of duty—but unlike Poe's treatment of his feathered visitor, the Alder an endeavored to capture the intruder, that he might secure his presence and song to grace his tiny Court, where so often the discordant notes of plaintiff, defendant and wrangling attornies are heard. But just as he was about placing his hand upon the prize, it spread its wings and soared above his head, showing it was determined to escape the clutches of the custodian of justice. At this juncture Officer O'Conner joined in the pursuit, which continued for over an hour, the bird in the meantime having sought the open air and taken its position on one of the shade trees in the jail yard.

Beautiful Work of Art.

Messrs. Clagett and Dusenbery, the gentlemanly general agents of, the deservedly famous photograph from the original painting of the "Death-bed of Lincoln," by Littlefield, arrived in the city Saturday and are stopping at the Merchants' Hotel. They kindly presented us with a copy of the photograph, which is a master-piece of art, truthfully portraying the saddest event of the nineteenth century. The ever lamented Lincoln reposes upon the death-bed, the central figure of the group, and is surrounded by his weeping wife and all the prominent men of the nation, who were present at the last moments of the great and good man. The likenesses of all are remarkably accurate, and can be pronounced perfect. The work is a volume of history in itself. Every counting-room, parlor and sanctum of the loyal North should contain a copy.

Iron Moulders' Anniversary.

—The Iron Moulders Association celebrated on Thursday in Cincinnati, their anniversary, in a grand procession and jollification. Several hundred delegates were in attendance, from Louisville, Covington, Newport and California. In the procession were a number of wagons bearing appropriate mottoes, and carrying various articles, the production of the labor of the craft. After passing along the designated line of march, the moulders proceeded to Beckenstein's Garden, where they were addressed by General Wilson.

Monopoly Discharged.

—We notice in paragraph ten of Special Orders No. 308, issued from the War Department, under date of June 29th, that Lieut. John C. Dougherty, of Company M, One Hundredth Pennsylvania Regiment, has been promptly discharged the service of the United States, the discharge to date September 22d, 1864. Lieut. Dougherty is a resident of Elizabeth, Pa., but is now employed in Gen. J. A. Allen's office, in Washington City.

Passing Away.

—Charles Doyle, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Allegheny, died at his residence, No. 64 Main street, in that city, at six o'clock Saturday morning. The deceased had reached the advanced age of seventy-two years. He served during the war of 1812. He was buried yesterday.

Base Ball.

—A match game of base ball will be played to-morrow afternoon between the Atlantic and Mercury clubs, of Allegheny. The game will come off on the grounds of the Allegheny club, on the West Commons. The Atlantics are the challengers.

Forestalling the Market.

—George Free was arraigned before the Mayor on Saturday morning charged with forestalling the market. His guilt being proven, he was fined five dollars, upon payment of which he was discharged.

Not Guilty.

—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. George W. Dillon, on trial in the Criminal Court last week, on a charge of fornication and bastardy, the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty, thus fully exhonerating Mr. Dillon.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Cotton Culture in California—Pacific Railroad Bill Signed—Southern Loyal Union Convention.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The morning papers contain the following special dispatches from Washington: It is reported here to-night that Paymaster Paulding has been sentenced to be cashiered, to pay a fine of $5,000, and be imprisoned for the period of one year. He is still in close confinement.

The Committee of Agriculture has just received samples of cotton from H. H. Dunn, of San Francisco, California. One is a sample of Taheta cotton, grown from the Sea Island seed. The quantity raised in 1865 was about 200,000 pounds, the whole of which was exported to France and England. The other sample is of California grown cotton from upland or short staple seed, grown in Los Angelos county, by Livingston & Chester, who ginned some 20,000 pounds.

The Kansas branch of the Pacific Railroad to-day triumphed in securing the signature of the President to the bill allowing them to run their road up the Smoky Hill River to Denver City, and to allow the California road to build eastward. Heavy pressure had been brought to bear to defeat it and secure the veto, but they all failed.

There is no probability of any action being taken by Congress to prevent removals from office by the President after adjournment of Congress.

The call for a convention of loyal Union men of the Southern States to be held in this city during the summer, is now being made out under the direction of Governor Hamilton of Texas, and several other prominent Southern Union men.

FROM MEXICO.

Defeat of the Imperial Forces—The City of Tampico Besieged, &c.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The *Herald's* Mexican correswondence written from the City of Mexico, under date of the 23d, and Vera Cruz, of the 28th, and Tampico, 28th ult., goes to show that the Mexican people were becoming more and more united in the cause of the independence of their country.

The Imperial forces, French and natives, have sustained a number of defeats of greater or less severity in the field, and the cause of Maximilian was still more gloomy in consequence.

Santa Anna still engrosses a large share of the public attention. The Mexican Liberals proclaim the theory that an understanding has been come to between Mr. Seward, the Emperor Napoleon and the Ex-President, by which Maximilian would be let down gracefully and Santa Anna restored and elected President, the United States cabinet holding itself ready to ratify the eventualities arising from the change of government. The Liberals who were imbued with this idea, did not entertain such an implicit confidence in Mr. Seward's friendship as they did some months ago. Santa Anna, it is said, will remain unpopular with them, no matter in what official form he may be presented.

The city of Tampico is now closely besieged by the Liberal forces who had made a dashing attack, riding into the very streets of the place at one time. Desertions from the Imperial to the Liberal army were frequent.

The idea of annexation to the United States was widely fostered in the Liberal ranks.

The estate of Col. A. J. Butler.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Surrogate Tucker summoned General B. F. Butler to account for his administration of the estate of the late Col. A. J. Butler. The General yesterday obtained an extension of time until the 23d instant, when his account of receipts and disbursements is to be rendered. Among the claims filed in the Surrogate's office is one for $75,000 for cotton, sugar, carriages, &c., the amount alleged to have been seized by Gen. Butler from one Robert M. Rayne, during the military occupancy of New Orleans. Other claims are awaiting the rendering of Gen. Butler's account on the 23d instant, the adjustment of which is expected to involve some interesting questions.

NOTICES.

NOTICE

To the Tax Payers of the City of Pittsburgh.

THE CITY TREASURER is now ready to receive all taxes payable at this office, No. 119 Fourth street, subject to a reduction of FIVE PER CENT., if paid before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT.

The Mercantile Licenses are due and must be paid before the FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT in order to save cost and expense of suit before an Alderman.

je12:d3 WM. EICHBAUM, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE REMAINING PART of the large property for sale laid out in Boyd & Allen's plan of lots, will be sold in lots or by the acre. Splendid for gardening purposes or for city residence. Apply to WM. S. ROYD, at the office of Kirkpatrick & Mellon, corner of Diamond and Grant streets, or to RICHARD ALLEN, on the property, at Lower 21. Clair Hotel. my17:a3

NOTICE TO THE

Tax Payers

OF THE

Borough of Lawrenceville.

Whereas, by a Supplement of the Act of Assembly approved the 4th day of March, A. D., 1864, relating to the payment of the Borough Tax to the Treasurer within the limits of said Borough, the undersigned respectfully notifies all said tax payers that he is now in possession of the Duplicate for the payment of said tax, and ready to receive the same.

On all taxes paid on or before the first day of August, 1866, an allowance of five per cent. will be made.

On all taxes paid subsequent to the first day of August and prior to the first day of September, must be paid in full.

On all taxes paid subsequent to the first day of September, he shall add five per centum.

And on the first day of October in each year, the Treasurer shall make out a list of delinquent tax payers, with the amount due from each, with ten per centum additional added: provided that no additional amount shall be less than ten cents, and place the same in the hands of the High Constable, whose duty it shall be to receive the same under a penalty of fifty dollars; and the said Treasurer is hereby authorized to issue to said constable his warrant to collect said tax, granting him all the powers and immunities now by law vested in collectors of county rates and levies. Provided that no further additional notice to tax payers shall be required than the advertisement of more papers and by handbills. WM. JANCEY, Borough Treasurer, Corner of Butler and Draver Streets.

The said Treasurer respectfully informs the tax-payers of said borough that he is Collector and Treasurer for the Lawrenceville School District, and is also prepared to receive their taxes, and invites them to call at his office in the Borough of Lawrenceville, at the corner of Butler and Draver sts.

WILLIAM JANCEY,

Collector and Treasurer School Funds.

je25:c4

GENERAL PARTNERS, REUBEN MILLER, GEO. W. BARR, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNERS, SAM'L M. KIER, SAM'L DUFF.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST QUALITY CAST STEEL,

Warranted Equal to any in the Market, either Imported or of Domestic Manufacture.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO FINE AND DIE STEEL.

Office, 38 Wood Street,

IN ST. CHARLES HOTEL BUILDING.

PITTSBURGH, June 18th, 1866. je18:d49

FOR RENT,

A FARM OF 130 ACRES,

Situated in Jefferson township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Monongahela river, 14 miles from the city. The improvements are good. The land of the best quality; well adapted for gardening. Possession August 1st, 1866.

ALSO,

A FRAME HOUSE,

With seven rooms and hall, good stable, excellent water at the door; situated on the old Washington road, about 5 miles from the city. Possession immediately.

For further particulars, inquire of

C. H. W. No. 164 Fourth street.

my27:d&w

STEPHEN M. OTT,

GENERAL

Dye Sinker, Seal & Medal Engraver, STENCIL, BRAND AND STEEL LETTER CUTTER,

SUPERIOR SEAL PRESSES,

Canceling Stamps & Visiting Cards.

Also, PLATES FOR MARKING CLOTHING.

93 Wood St., Cor. Diamond Alley,

(ABOVE DAVIS' BOOK STORE,)

je22:e1 PITTSBURGH.

The Fountain Horticultural

ICE CREAM SALOON

In Wilkins' Hall, Fourth street, near Smithfield, is now open.

The best fitted, coolest and most inducing FLOWER GARDEN SALOON in the State.

Ice cream, cakes and confectionaries always on hand.

A FINE ORCHESTRA has been engaged for the season, and will be in attendance EVERY NIGHT (except Sunday) from seven till twelve o'clock. Best ice cream, fruits, and berries, always on hand.

my22:b10 MADAME RUHR, Manageress.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, June 26th, 1866.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the assessments for the grading and paving of Cliff High, Rose and Wylie streets and Beech alley have been made, and can be seen at this office until the 7TH DAY OF JULY, 1866, after which time they will be returned to the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES REICHSPFARR, Recording Regulator.

je28:e29

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

Anchor Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh,

MANUFACTURERS OF

ANCHOR (A) SHEETINGS, ANCHOR (B) SHEETINGS, ANCHOR (C) SHEETINGS,

And BATTING. my15:s20

KENNEDY & LOTHROP.—Produce and COMMISSION WAREHOUSE, 43 and 45 Federal street, Allegheny City.

2,000 bushels prime White Ohio Oats;
2,000 bushels Iowa Oats;
200 bushels Yellow Ear Corn;
800 bushels Yellow Shelled Corn;
2 cars of Middlings;
2 cars of Bran.

je18:d49 KENNEDY & LOTHROP.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN.

THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES.

Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

It is no Hair Dye.

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life, use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., Wholesale Agents.

my20:b92

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.

BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FLUE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. je6:d41

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 119 First and 120 Second streets, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:d3m

☞ PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO., Manufacturer of CAST GROUND CIRCULARS, warranted. CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mills, Muley, Cross-Cut, Hung, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast Steel. Also, Patent Reduced REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SMITHFIELD streets, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. je5:e63

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Foundery and Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MINE MACHINERY, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER PLATE PUNCHING AND SHEARING.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

☞ JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, RAILING, IRON WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 88 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Wedding cards at notice. my19:d3m

☞ MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men, Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my23:b63d&wT.

POLITICAL.

☞ UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY FOR 1866.

JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman,.....Lawrenceville.
CAPT. W. N. ERWIN.....Temperanceville.
HON. JAS. R. RANKIN.....Ross Township.
GEN. A. L. PEARSON.....Lawrenceville.
WM. M. WILLS.....Pittsburgh.
COL. JAS. BARNES.....Ross Township.
A. W. WATSON.....Sewickley.
DANL. O'NEILL.....Pittsburgh.
CAPT. H. KEPHART.....Pittsburgh.
COL. J. B. COVELAND.....Elizabeth.
COL. T. FLOYD.....Pittsburgh.
JAS. G. MURRAY.....Upper St. Clair Township.
GEN. S. B. M. YOUNG.....Robinson Township.
JOHN McKELVY.....Allegheny.
GEORGE WILSON.....Pittsburgh.
JONATHAN NEELY.....Mount Washington.
JAMES DICKSON.....Neville Township.
J. H. GROSS.....Liberty Township.
MELCHOR VERNER.....Baldwin Township.
WM. F. MILLER.....Collins Township.
JOSEPH BUTLER.....Pittsburgh.
WM. M. HERON.....Pittsburgh.
COL. J. BALLENTINE.....Temperanceville.
JOHN McKELVY.....Allegheny.
CHARLES MARKMEN.....Birmingham.
JOHN H. HARE.....Pittsburgh.
JOSEPH FRENCH.....Pittsburgh.
CAPT. JOHN H. STEWART.....Collins Township.
W. S. PEVINGTON.....Allegheny.
CAPT. JOHN GILFILLAN.....Upper St. Clair.
WM. MITLENZUY.....Birmingham.

JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman.
A. L. PEARSON, T. M. BAYNE, } Secretaries.

my7:d3

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION, 22d DISTRICT.

The UNION REPUBLICAN VOTERS of the 22d Congressional District are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in the various Wards, Boroughs and Townships, in said District,

On Saturday, August 11th,

And elect TWO DELEGATES from each election district, to meet in County Convention on TUESDAY, AUGUST 14th, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Congress.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the wards and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M. in the wards and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

WM. ANDERSON, R. W. THOMAS, } Secretaries. my.b246-d&w

☞ CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their calls made on him, his name is now presented to them as a candidate for nomination for Congress for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention.

je20

☞ CONGRESS

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.

my6:tnd

☞ CONGRESS.—The friends of HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as candidate for Congress in the 22d District. my13:6wd

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Nos 425 & 427 Liberty Street,

The very best HORSES, CARRIAGES and BUGGIES kept for hire at all times. The finest HEARSE in the city. Funerals, &c., attended to on short notice in the best manner.

Persons wishing to engage anything in our line can rely upon being turned out in the best style, as the proprietors give their personal attention to the business. je7:e83

McCALLUM BROTHERS No. 80 FOURTH STREET. We have on hands a very superior stock of

CARPETING

Of every description and every grade of quality, OIL CLOTHS, extra well seasoned, from 3 feet to 24 feet wide.

PIANO AND TABLE COVERS—Every kind in use.

HEARTH RUGS—From the finest quality to the lowest priced.

CANTON MATTING, COCOA AND MANILLA MATTINGS, &c.

ap4 McCALLUM BROTHERS, Formerly W. D. & H. McCallum.

H. J. LANCE,

SILK AND WOOLEN

DYER AND SCOURER,

ALSO,

Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Covers Cleaned and Reglazed without unpacking.

Nos. 35 and 37 Third Street,

Between Wood and Smithfield,

my19:n72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE A. A. OF CONGRESS, approved June 6, 1866, gives additional pension to the following class of persons:

To those who have lost both eyes or hands;
To those who have lost both feet;
To those who have lost one hand or foot;
To those who have been deprived of their pensions under act of March 24, 1865, are restored;
Pensions are extended to dependent fathers and brothers.

Apply by mail or in person, to

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

Office, 98 Grant Street,

PITTSBURGH.

je20

TO FARMERS.—HAY RAKES.—WELCOME PATENTEES, 1866.—It is the best HAY RAKE made. It is self operating, performing its work in light as well as in the heaviest hay ever rowed or smoothed. It is built of new steel and warranted to be well tempered and not to break with fair usage. It is very simple in its construction. A child 10 years old, or aged and infirm persons can work it, as the horse rakes and depresses the teeth at the will of the operator. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the works in Columbiana, Ohio, or at 319 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., by JOHN D. BAILEY, Agent for Pittsburgh.

CRUCIBLES, for Glass Founders, of assorted sizes. HENRY B. CURTIS, 10 Water street.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

COAL MINES FOR SALE.

The valuable coal mines owned by the Southern Coal Mining Company, situated in Shelby county, Ala., twelve miles north-east of Montevallo, and one and a half miles from the North and South Railroad (now in running order to this point), and one-quarter of a mile from the Branch Road to the Red Mountain Coal Mines, are now offered for sale.

These mines have have been in successful operation for some years, are situated in the heart of the mineral region of the State, and are only sixty-five miles by rail from Selma, from whence there is water transportation to the Gulf.

There is not in the United States a better opportunity for a safe and profitable investment in the Coal business.

TERMS OF SALE:

One half cash, and the balance at the expiration of six months, without interest; or, one-sixth cash, and the balance in equal monthly payments, without interest.

G. M. McCONNICO,

jy21:d&1 Assignee of R. O. Edwards.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS STAND.

The Stock, Fixtures, Good Will, Store House, Dwelling and large Lot in Sewickley. Cash sales $3,000 a month. Possession given immediately.

Six small Houses and Lots, very cheap.

Several Lots at Edgeworth Station, from one to five acres in each.

Apply to

JAMES T. SAMPLE,

Real Estate Broker and Insurance Agent.

je8 No. 85 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE,

80 Acres of Oil Territory,

Located in Muskingum county, Ohio, on Mansfork Creek. This property is valuable from the fact that every well bored, Oil in paying quantities is obtained.

The depth of wells is only about 150 feet, and costs about $ 400 for boring.

Samples of Oil can be seen at 164 Fourth street. For further particulars, enquire of

JOHN FINNEY.

jy12:3 No. 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 216 acres, situate in Plum township, Allegheny county, Pa. The improvements are a large Brick Dwelling House, with six rooms and kitchen; a large Bank Barn, 90 by 56, and other outbuildings; good Orchard; 176 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The land is of the best quality; well watered for grain or stock, and heavily timbered with Coal, a very large amount of Locust timber. Possession given immediately, convenient to churches, schools, Plum Station, Railroad, &c. Apply to or inquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street. my17:a22

FOR SALE—A Farm of about 25 acres, opposite Townsend Station, North Western R. R., 20 miles from Pittsburgh; about 15 acres cleared; balance good timber land in variety. 25 acres of coal, good vein, pit open; a frame dwelling of four rooms, with cellar, and spring at the door; a few trees of varieties of fruit; is a splendid place for a vineyard.

Also, a lot 50 by 191 feet, on Peebles street, in Wilkins township, Allegheny county. Will be sold cheap. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of

je13 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 158

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1866.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional on First and Third Pages

Another Gough in the Field—Formation of A Temperance League.

We paid a brief visit to the office of Alderman Morrow on Saturday, and judging from what we saw there were led to suppose that the worthy dispenser of justice had retired from his position as legal pacificator and set up a home mission for the propagation of temperance after the manner of Gough. When we entered first, we noticed a redfaced demure looking individual standing in one corner, while the Alderman busied himself in filling up a blank clothed in all the formality of red tape phraseology. When he had finished reading it aloud, he called the gentleman with the ruddy face toward him and proceeded to administer an oath in which the defendant promised to abstain from the use of all intoxicating beverages for the term of one year from date. After taking the oath, the sad-faced man was handed the "pledge," when for the first time he opened his mouth and asked the cost. With amendable liberality, the 'Squire told his interrogator that he would only charge him five cents, that being the price of the revenue stamp placed on it. With a mild "thank you," and an appreciative smile, the stranger took his departure, but in less than ten minutes after returned with three others, evidently of Hibernian extraction, who informed the somewhat astonished magistrate that they too wished "to take the oath." We remained until each one had been provided with a shield against Bacchanalian draughts, when we left, feeling that we had witnessed a very interesting ceremony, which may have the effect of making more than one home happy. We understand that Alderman Morrow, for his services on this occasion, is to be presented with a stout cane by the Social League.

A Songster Captured.

About six o'clock on Saturday morning a bright-plumaged canary bird sought refuge in the cool quiet of Alderman Lynch's office. The visit of the aerial stranger caused some surprise to the magistrate—who even at that early hour was at his post of duty—but unlike Poe's treatment of his feathered visitor, the Alder an endeavored to capture the intruder, that he might enjoy the presence and song to grace his tiny Court, where so often the discordant notes of plaintiff, defendant and wrangling attornies are heard. But just as he was about placing his hand upon the prize, it spread its wings and soared above his head, showing it was determined to escape the cruelties of the confinement of a cage. At this juncture Officer O'Conner joined in the pursuit, which continued for over an hour, the bird in the meantime having sought the open air and taken refuge on one of the shade trees in the jail yard, where it was seized by an urchin whom the pursuers had pressed into their service, and delivering into the hands of Officer Dogberry, who took it in triumph to his office, intending to retain possession, until rn owner could be found.

If the matter had ended here, all would have been well, but while the magistrate and his officer were gloating over the capture of the little captives, the father of the youth who acted so conspicuous a part in the capture, arrived, and demanded possession of the bird, resting his claims on the fact that his son had been the original capturer. His r ght, however, was denied on the ground that Purden and Blackstone, made no provision for adjustment in such cases. The affair will doubtless result in a law suit, as both parties are determined to possess the recent cause of the difficulty.

Meeting of the Pennsylvania Reserves.

At a meeting of the former members of the Pennsylvania Reserves, held at the La Pierrie House, in Philadelphia, on the evening of July 3d, the following resolution was presented by Col. R. Biddle Roberts, of this city:

Resolved, That for the purpose of establishing a permanent organization of the Pennsylvania Reserves, a convention be held at Lancaster on the 15th day of September next, that the said convention shall consist of three (3) delegates from each regiment, officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, it being distinctly understood that this meeting is in no way to be perverted to a political purpose, but solely for our great benefit and pleasure.

After a lively debate the resolution was adopted, as was also another resolution inviting the Governor to participate in the proceedings of the convention.

A brief season of convivial enjoyment followed, after which the meeting adjourned.

A Beautiful Piece of Work.

We noticed in a former issue the construction of a gothic chapel from a block of wood by a printer named William Shaw, using only a penknife in the work. Yesterday we were shown a country residence in minature, cut from wood by John Shaw, a brother of the ingenious William. It was ten inches long by five in heighth, with a terrace running along the entire front and a great lion known as on either side of which were tiny pilasters highly ornamented. The windows were of glass, partially shaded by green venitian blinds through which could be seen a tiny mirror, divan and several chairs. Surrounding the whole were a group of shade trees that lent an additional charm to this piece of rare handiwork.

Complimentary Benefit to W. H. Leak.

This gentleman will be the recipient of a grand complimentary testimonial, at the Opera House, on next Friday evening, when he will appear for the first time in that most difficult of all Shakspearian roles—Hamlet. As the melancholy Dane, Mr. Leak will have an excellent opportunity to display his histrionic ability, which we are confident he will do to the satisfaction of his auditors.

Since Mr. Leak's advent among us, both as actor and manager, he has fulfilled his arduous duties with profit to his employers and pleasure to their patrons, securing for himself a host of friends, who will doubtless crowd the Opera House on Friday evening.

Glass Bottles.—The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement, in another column, of Messrs. Tibby, M'Kee & Co., No. 90 Water street, the well known manufacturers of glass vials. They manufacture all descriptions of flint glass prescription vials and bottles, which are far superior to any others made here or elsewhere. The gentlemanly proprietors are fair-dealing and honorable, in every respect worthy of the large patronage they enjoy. We cheerfully commend them to our readers.

A Valuable Dog Lost.—Prof. Silvester, who, in conjunction with the Hanlon's, have just concluded a successful engagement at Lafayette Hall, has lost a valuable performing dog on Saturday. On the discovery of his loss he proceeded to the Mayor's office for the purpose of entering suit for the recovery of the animal, but was informed by his Honor that he could not take legal steps to recover his property, as he had no license making his ownership lawful. This is *law*, but is it justice?

Wanted to Drown Himself.—On Tuesday night John Lawler, superintendent of the car shops at Steubenville, Ohio, made two attempts to drown himself in the Ohio river, at that place, but on each occasion was prevented by the vigilance of his friends. He bears a high reputation for probity and honor, but on Wednesday became intoxicated, and, touched with remorse, he wished to end his existence.

Stole a Carpet Sack.—James Rooney was arrested yesterday and lodged in the tombs on a charge of stealing a carpet sack, the property of James Eastly, from the latter's boarding house on Penn street in the 5th ward. He will have a hearing to-day.

Base Ball.—A match game of base ball between the Continental and Unknown Clubs of Allegheny City, came off on Friday afternoon on the grounds of the Allegheny Club, West Common. After a close contest the Unknown, were pronounced victorious.

New Counterfeit.—A new counterfeit note of the denomination of $10 on the Highland National Bank of Newburgh, New York, made its appearance in this city on Saturday morning.

JOHN CROFT,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

Office, No. 139 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Has for sale the following Real Estate:

A large three-story brick House, containing ten rooms, large halls; front room on first floor used as a long Store; hot and cold water and gas through out the house. Lot 25½ by 95 feet. Situate on Chestnut street, Allegheny City.

44 ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND, situate at Edgewood Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, 7 miles from the city, on which there is a beautiful new frame dwelling, and a large number of bearing fruit trees of the best quality. Also a good supply of water. The dwelling and 7 acres of ground will be sold separately if desired, and the residue in lots of 5 acres each, or larger if requested. The above land is admirably located for business men.

4 LOTS, 1 ACRE EACH, containing about 8 acres of limestone, of a splendid quality, and easy of access. Also, about 50 of the first class, well situated for farming or gardening purposes; good frame dwelling and barn, and a good supply of water, situate 7 miles from the city, on the Washington Pike, in Union township, being part of the Carter farm.

37 ACRES, well improved, and under a high state of cultivation, on which their are 1,300 bearing currant bushes, 300 bearing grape vines, 100 standard pear trees, and a large number of peach, apple and plum trees. Property situate on the old Washington road, in Scott township, six miles from the city.

For further particulars inquire of the above agent. may3:tf:86

SUPERIOR OAK TANNED, PATENT STRETCHED AND RIVETED

LEATHER BELTING AND HOSE,

Manufactured at No. 58 SMITHFIELD ST., by

HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.

Also, Agents for New York Rubber Co.

Gum Belting.

Always on hand, a superior quality of LACE LEATHER and GUM HYDRANT HOSE, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, BELT HOOKS, etc. [nov14

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.

J. H. JOHNSTON,

Maker and Dealer in

Fine Rifles and Shot Guns,

ARMY, NAVY and POCKET REVOLVERS, CARBINES and MUSKETS. All kinds of

SPORTING AMMUNITION,

And GUN MAKER'S MATERIAL. Military Companies furnished with arms at short notice. All kinds of repairing done in the best manner.

☞SHOT GUNS FOR HIRE.

☞Remember the place,

Corner Penn and Wayne Streets,

jn8:e76 PITTSBURGH, PA.

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY, July 7, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day were as follows: Gold, 154½; 1881's, 108⅝; Five Twenties, 106⅛@106¼; Ten Forties, 97⅜; Seven Thirties, 103⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh R.R., 83½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R., 97¾; Erie, 87; Western Telegraph, 35¾; first mortgage bonds Fort Wayne, 101½; second do, 97½; third do, 87½.

There is but comparatively little doing in stocks and bonds at present. The sudden advance of all government bonds, except Ten-Forties, prevents capitalists, and especially small investers, from purchasing at the advance. Neither is there any pressure to sell on account of the rise, nor for the purpose of realizing a very handsome profit. Most of the idle capital finds employment in Railroad first mortgages, State bonds, and municipal issues of corporations that are in good standing.

Of all Government securities, Five Twenties of 1864 and 1865, are most inquired for, and are yet cheap, compared with Ten Forties or Seven-Thirties—the latter having so short a time to run. Gold has been firm but quiet to-day, and unless we hear of more war news, and failures in Europe, especially Central Germany, the premium will keep about 150. A sudden decline to 150, would bring out large amounts of specie held by parties who seized the opportunity to sell a few weeks since. Exchange on Europe has advanced again, especially short date paper.

Our local money market continues very stringent, and the Banks discount but little. The most of them have shown by their last quarterly statement a large line of available funds, either in exchange or cash on hand, but the bulk of it is in compound interest notes which are too precious to be parted with at present.

The hold which the Government loans have taken on public confidence so soon after the termination of the war, and in the face of our immense debt, is surprising to even those most sanguine at the time of their being put on the market. They are widely scattered all over the country, in the hands of all classes of persons, from the comparatively small savings of the farmer and the mechanic, up to the tens and hundreds of thousands of the large capitalists, and by all the most entire confidence seems to be entertained that the faith of the government will be maintained in fulfilling all its promises—the debt and interest will be met to the uttermost as conditioned.

—The *Financial Chronicle* gives currency to the report that Mr. McCulloch intends to take advantage of the anticipated ease in the money market to "put down the rate of interest on the temporary deposits from 5 per cent to 4, and on the clearing-house certificates from 4 per cent to 3. Another report is that as soon as the Ten-Forty bonds rise in the market to par—which point they they are expected to reach in a short time—a further omission will be made of the twenty-six millions of these securities which are authorized by law but as yet unissued."

—That portion of the National bank law which impose a tax of 10 per cent on State Banks on the amount of their issues or State banks after the 1st of July, 1866, is of course now in force, the proposed amendment to the pending act for delaying the tax not having become a law. The notes, however, pass as freely as ever with the public. At Boston the banks resolved to receive them on deposit, with the understanding that they return to the banks of issue, and this will probably be the custom with banks generally.

The winding up of the State Banks of New Hampshire, which is made compulsory July 1st, will remove over $4,000,000 from circulation in the State.

—The Philadelphia *News*, a journal in the interest of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and, consequently, averse to the Atlantic & Great Western, says:

Reflection and a further knowledge of the plans and purposes of the Atlantic & Great Western Railway are suggestive of the fact that the stock has naturally been put on a higher figure than the prospects of the company will warrant. The lease with the Atlantic & Great Western is practically abandoned, and, judging from the movements recently made by it for other working connections, it is more than doubtful if it will ever be revived. The ground west, which, according to the programme that excited so much attention some time ago, was to be occupied for the benefit of the New York scheme, has been entered upon by the surveyors of the Philadelphia and Erie Company, under the authority obtained at the last session of the Legislature. The decision of the Supreme Court in Wilkesoarre, although directly in the face of one made by Judge Woodward and sustained by the full bench, is, therefore, not likely to amount to much in the present case.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Money in more demand; 6 per cent. paid. Exchange dull; 10⅜ for bankers' bills. Gold closed quietly at 153¾. The Government securities closed up firmly at the advance of the morning. The business throughout the day has been large, and the rise quite sharp. The following were the closing prices: 5-20 Coupons 1864, 104¾@105; 5-20 Coupons, 1865, new, 104⅝@104¾; July 7-30s, 105¾@106; August 7-30s, 105⅝@106. The Stock market was stronger towards the close of the day, and there was a general improvement in prices. The greatest rise was in Erie, Hudson River and Toledo, with considerable activity in Erie. The speculative feeling still rules in favor of an advance, and there is more outside buying than for some time past. Among the Petroleum and Mining shares this afternoon Consolidated Gregory sold at 29; Grinnell at 11; Quartz Hill at 45; Phillips, 50; United States at 80, and Bennehoff Run 1123.

The *Commercial's* money article says: The speculative activity in the stock market continues. At present, however, the sellers predominate, and some of the leading stocks are consequently lower. Governments, however, continue quite firm. Money is in more demand, owing to the Change loans connected with stock speculations, and the movement of currency westward. Six per cent. has been paid on call loans on stock collaterals, and 5 per cent. on Governments. The general rate, however, is 5 per cent., with no exception at 1 per cent., the common rate. Discounts quiet and rates rather firmer at 5@6 per cent. Gold quiet, as far as respects speculative movements, but in active demand for Custom duties. Foreign Exchange entirely nominal.

The *Post's* money article says: Owing to the excessive heat, very little business was done to-day. There was, however, a gratifying demand for gold-bearing National securities. Gold quiet and more plentiful. Loan market easy at 5 per cent., with exceptional transactions at 4. Commercial paper dull and little offering; rates 5½@7%. Stock market without any special feature of interest. After Board, Erie sold at 68½; Reading, 105⅝; Northwestern, 31⅝; Toledo, 100.

Review of New York Wholesale Market.

The following is a review of the principal features of the market for the week.

Flour.—There has been a moderate degree of activity. At the close there was a good export demand for State flour; prices have been unsettled and irregular. We quote Extra State at $7.75@8.20; Shipping Ohio, $9.25@10.30; St. Louis Extras, $14@17; some new crops Double Extra flour sold for $12 dollars a barrel.

Wheat.—The market has been dull and irregular, prices have declined from 5 to 10c. a bushel for Spring Wheat, holders of choice Amber, owing to the small stock on hand, have insisted on full prices; Winter Wheat is unchanged.

Corn.—There has been a brisk demand, but the market is unsettled; the inquiry has been speculative, prices have advanced from 2 to 5 cents a bushel; the market closes firm at 86 to 88 cents for unsound, and 89 to 90 cents for new mixed Western.

Pork.—There has been but little change. The inquiry has been of a speculative character. Market closes firm at $31,88 to 32,00 for Mess.

Beef.—There has been a fair jobbing demand but no change in prices.

Cut Meats.—Have been dull with no change in prices.

Lard.—Has declined about ½c @ pound, closing at 19@19½c for No. 1; 20@21c for Western. The receipts have been dull for all descriptions, and prices are nominal; there is no demand for Rio in the market, mostly of poor quality.

Cotton.—The market has been exceedingly dull. Prices have undergone no material change, though the tendency has been in favor of the buyers at the close. The market is nominal at 36@37c for Middling.

Petroleum.—There has been a fair business for Crude; the market closes steady, at 33½@35 for Refined the demand has been more active, and prices have varied, closing at an advance.

Whisky.—Has been nominal, with a very light business.

New York Produce Markets.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Cotton without decided change, 36c for middling. Flour rules heavy; $7,70@8,70 for Extra State; $8,75@10,20 for Extra round hoop Ohio; $10,25@13,75 for trade brands, closing dull. Included in the sales are 1,500 barrels Extra State for export, at $8,80@9,25. Whisky quiet and nominal at $2,28@2,26 for Western. Wheat dull and tending downward; New No. 1 Milwaukee at $2,31@2,40. Rye firmer at $1,04@1,05 for Western. Corn opened active at le advance, and closed quiet with the advance lost; 86@90c for unsound New Mixed Western, 89@90c for sound do., closing at 89@90c for sound, 91c for high mixed, nearly yellow, and 95c for Western yellow. Oats very dull; 51@54c for new western. Sugar dull and heavy; Cuba at 11c. Molasses dull. Petroleum dull at 29@31c for Crude, and 56@61c for Refined in bond. Pork dull and lower; $31,62@31,87 for New Mess, closing at $31,75 cash; $29,50 old do., and $26,25@26,50 for Prime. Beef steady at $16,00@21,00 for New Plain Mess, and $20,50@24,50 for New Extra Mess. Bacon dull. Lard dull and heavy at 19@21¾.

Chicago Lumber Market.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The demand is rather more active, and some sellers are inclined to ask a slight advance, but the sales show no material change from the current prices on Tuesday last. Sales afloat include the following:

110 m last, Mill-run at $20,30 m lath at $4,90m feet, ¼ strips, at $15,25 m lath at $4,150 m feet, ¼ strips, balance boards and scantling, at $20,50 m lath at $4,70 m feet good mixed, at $18,50 m lath at $4,150 m feet Mill-run at $20,25 m lath at $4; 120 m feet strips and boards at $16,75. Yard prices steady.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 7, 1866.

The produce markets have been dull and neglected to some extent during the past week. This, however, is usually the case at this season of the year. Our business men, generally, are always engaged during the first part of July in squaring their accounts, and no effort is made, scarcely to do anything else; besides the demand for the leading articles is somewhat restricted, and round lot sales are of rare occurrence.

GRAIN—Wheat, although in light supply is a little dull, and we now quote No. 1 Spring at $2,35@2,36. Sale of 1 car prime Iowa Oats at 52. Chicago Oats cannot be quoted above 49@50. Corn is dull but unchanged. Mixed may be quoted 75@77, and prime yellow at 78@80. Barley is dull and nominal. Rye is held at $1 to $1,05. Buckwheat dull and drooping.

FLOUR—Is quiet but firm, notwithstanding the demand is rather light. Sales from store at $10,50 to $11,50 for Spring Wheat; $12,50 to $13 for Winter Wheat; and $14 to $15 for fancy brands. Small sales of Rye Flour at $6,50 to $6,75.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is very firm with a fair jobbing demand at 17 cents for Shoulders; 22@23 for Ribbed Sides; and 25@25½ for Sugar Cured Hams, according to quality. Lard is dull but firm at 22½@23 for steamed and kettle rendered. Small sales of Mess Pork at $33,50@34,00 per bbl.

HAY—Is coming in more freely, and notwithstanding the supply is by no means large, the demand is light and prices are steadily declining. Sale of 2 cars baled at $21 per ton. Loose Hay may be quoted at $20@24, and perhaps prime Timothy would bring $25.

EGGS—Dull, with a supply somewhat in excess of the demand. We now quote at 18.

CHEESE—Is dull and in good supply but unchanged. Sales of Western Reserve at 15@16, Hamburg at 17@18; and New York Goshen at 20@21.

BUTTER—There is a light speculative demand for packed Butter, and we can report regular sales at 20 to 22.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is in demand and higher, as we are cognizant of offers to buy at $3—an advance of 25 cts per bushel. No demand whatever for Clover or Timothy.

SALT—Is firm at $2,50 by the car load, and $2,75 for small lots from store.

SORGHUM—Continues dull though unchanged. Sales of prime at 50 to 55.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches may be quoted at 18 to 20 for quarters, and 25 for prime halves. Apples 15@16.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 7, 1866.

CRUDE—The Crude market has been exceedingly dull and languid during the past week, and the transactions, in the aggregate, were smaller probably than during any preceding week this season. The demand both for home use as well as for shipment continues very light, and notwithstanding prices have still further declined, there is little or no inquiry even at the decline. Crude may be had fairly given at 12 to 12½, bbls returned and in bulk; and 17 to 17½, bbls included. Sales of 250 bbls at 12¼, bbls returned; 320 do do at 12½, and 100, 120 and 125 at 12¾. The advices by the next foreign steamer are anxiously looked for. If the news should be favorable, our market will probably rally and become a little firmer; but in the absence of any encouraging news, dullness and stagnation will continue to rule supreme, and prices will inevitably still further decline.

REFINED—There is no improvement to note in the tone of the market for bonded oil. There is still some inquiry at very low figures both for home use and for future delivery, and some of our refiners who have been holding off during the greater part of the season for a reaction and better prices, appear to have at most given up all hope of any, as a few of them contracting now at figures considerably below what they could have obtained somewhile since. The transactions during the week have been fair, and within the past two or three days there has been but little change in prices. We can report a sale of 500 bbls, for November delivery in Philadelphia, at 44; and 500,—on Thursday—for immediate, at 48. For this month quotations may be from 45 to 46; 43 to 43½; 40 for August; 42 for September; 43 for October; and 44 for November. On the cars here, there have been but few transactions—one sale of 500 bbls for September, at 42c. Free oil is dull and drooping; sale of 150 bbls, light straw color at 50. Prime city brands may be quoted 55@57.

ARRIVALS.—We have but very few arrivals of oil to report. Fisher & Bro. report 1 bbl; Jas Wilkins 265; and W. Haldeman 135—making a total of 1400 bbls.

Total Receipts for the week..... 7000
Total Receipts last week..... 11,025
Total Receipts by river since Jan. 1..... 495,957

Baltimore Cattle Market.

BALTIMORE, July 5.—Cattle—Receipts of beeves at the State Live Stock Scales since last Thursday foot up 945 head against 950 head the previous week. Included in the offerings were 35 head which had been held over, 550 head from Ohio 150 head from Illinois, and 210 head from Western Virginia, all by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The supply proved in excess of the demand, and 60 head were unsold; of the balance, 15 head are taken by Murphy and Rathgate, of Washington, for government use, 45 head by Charles Murphy for stock cattle, 87 head by Washington butchers, and the remainder, 743 head, by Baltimore butchers and stock dealers at the following range of prices:

Stock cattle, per 100 lbs gross..... $5 25@
Fair to good ordinary cattle..... 6 50@7 50
Fair to good cattle..... 7 75@8 50
Prime cattle..... 8 75@9 00

Market dull and drooping at the close.

Sheep.—Market well supplied and steady, sales of common to good sheep being made at 5 to 6c per lb, gross.

Hogs.—Receipts moderate and demand quite limited. Sales at 14 to 14¾c per lb net for fair to prime lots.

New York Iron Market.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The market for pig, as usual at this season, is very quiet, but holders generally are firm, and prices are steady and pretty uniform. We notice sales of 150 tons Glengarnock Scotch pig, ex ship at $46@46,50; 300 do Eglinton, at $46,50; 50 do No. 1 American, at $43,50; 200 do, in lots, $48, at Elizabethport; 500 do, at Port Kemble, $46; 300 do, Irish wrought scrap, on terms we did not learn; 300 do American rails, at works, $60; and 300 do Welsh, $55 gold. Scotch pig may be quoted in lots $47 for Eglinton, $48 for Glengarnock, and $49@50 for Carnbarrie and Coltness. We notice sales of 100 tons American refined bar from manufacturers' hands, at $107@110 per ton. From store, the market is dull, but firm at our quotations.

Shipments of Iron Ore.

The Lake Superior Mining Company have shipped 989 tons this week, making a total of 9,518 tons.

The receipts over the Bay de Noquet and Marquette Railroad for the week ending June 11,228; Quartz Hill at 45@46; United States at 80, and Bennehoff Run 1123.

The *Commercial's* money article says: The speculative activity in the stock market continues. At present, however, the sellers predominate, and some of the leading stocks are consequently lower. Governments, however, continue quite firm. Money is in more demand, owing to the Change loans connected with stock speculations, and the movement of currency westward. Six per cent. has been paid on call loans on stock collaterals, and 5 per cent. on Governments. The general rate, however, is 5 per cent., with no exception at 1 per cent., the common rate. Discounts quiet and rates rather firmer at 5@6 per cent. Gold quiet, as far as respects speculative movements, but in active demand for Custom duties. Foreign Exchange entirely nominal.

The *Post's* money article says: Owing to the excessive heat, very little business was done to-day. There was, however, a gratifying demand for gold-bearing National securities. Gold quiet and more plentiful. Loan market easy at 5 per cent., with exceptional transactions at 4. Commercial paper dull and little offering; rates 5½@7%. Stock market without any special feature of interest. After Board, Erie sold at 68½; Reading, 105⅝; Northwestern, 31⅝; Toledo, 100.

Review of New York Wholesale Market.

The following is a review of the principal features of the market for the week.

Flour.—There has been a moderate degree of activity. At the close there was a good export demand for State flour; prices have been unsettled and irregular. We quote Extra State at $7,75@8,20; Shipping Ohio, $9,25@10,30; St. Louis Extras, $14@17; some new crops Double Extra flour sold for $12 dollars a barrel.

Wheat.—The market has been dull and irregular, prices have declined from 5 to 10c. a bushel for Spring Wheat, holders of choice Amber, owing to the small stock on hand, have insisted on full prices; Winter Wheat is unchanged.

Corn.—There has been a brisk demand, but the market is unsettled; the inquiry has been speculative, prices have advanced from 2 to 5 cents a bushel; the market closes firm at 86 to 88 cents for unsound, and 89 to 90 cents for new mixed Western.

Pork.—There has been but little change. The inquiry has been of a speculative character. Market closes firm at $31,88 to 32,00 for Mess.

Beef.—There has been a fair jobbing demand but no change in prices.

Cut Meats.—Have been dull with no change in prices.

Lard.—Has declined about ½c @ pound, closing at 19@19½c for No. 1; 20@21c for Western. The receipts have been dull for all descriptions, and prices are nominal; there is no demand for Rio in the market, mostly of poor quality.

Cotton.—The market has been exceedingly dull. Prices have undergone no material change, though the tendency has been in favor of the buyers at the close. The market is nominal at 36@37c for Middling.

Petroleum.—There has been a fair business for Crude; the market closes steady, at 33½@35 for Refined the demand has been more active, and prices have varied, closing at an advance.

Whisky.—Has been nominal, with a very light business.

New York Produce Markets.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Cotton without decided change, 36c for middling. Flour rules heavy; $7,70@8,70 for Extra State; $8,75@10,20 for Extra round hoop Ohio; $10,25@13,75 for trade brands, closing dull. Included in the sales are 1,500 barrels Extra State for export, at $8,80@9,25. Whisky quiet and nominal at $2,28@2,26 for Western. Wheat dull and tending downward; New No. 1 Milwaukee at $2,31@2,40. Rye firmer at $1,04@1,05 for Western. Corn opened active at le advance, and closed quiet with the advance lost; 86@90c for unsound New Mixed Western, 89@90c for sound do., closing at 89@90c for sound, 91c for high mixed, nearly yellow, and 95c for Western yellow. Oats very dull; 51@54c for new western. Sugar dull and heavy; Cuba at 11c. Molasses dull. Petroleum dull at 29@31c for Crude, and 56@61c for Refined in bond. Pork dull and lower; $31,62@31,87 for New Mess, closing at $31,75 cash; $29,50 old do., and $26,25@26,50 for Prime. Beef steady at $16,00@21,00 for New Plain Mess, and $20,50@24,50 for New Extra Mess. Bacon dull. Lard dull and heavy at 19@21¾.

Chicago Lumber Market.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The demand is rather more active, and some sellers are inclined to ask a slight advance, but the sales show no material change from the current prices on Tuesday last. Sales afloat include the following:

110 m feet, Mill-run at $20,30 m lath at $4,90m feet, ¼ strips, at $15,25 m lath at $4,150 m feet, ¼ strips, balance boards and scantling, at $20,50 m lath at $4,70 m feet good mixed, at $18,50 m lath at $4,150 m feet Mill-run at $20,25 m lath at $4; 120 m feet strips and boards at $16,75. Yard prices steady.

RIVER NEWS.

The river remains about stationary at this point, with but two feet in the channel according to the pier marks. The weather continues oppressively hot in the sun, and at times it becomes quite cloudy and indicates rain.

There has been no arrivals saide from the regular packets. The Brownsville boats continue to arrive and depart with fair trips, apparently, each way. The Lexington and Forest City are still plying between here and Parkersburg, though they can carry but little freight. The Revenue arrived and cleared for Portsmouth. She reports having come up over Glass House drawing twenty-eight inches.

The Rose Hambleton left for Cincinnati early on Saturday morning, and the Camelia cleared for St. Louis about the middle of the afternoon. The last named boat left here drawing about twenty-seven inches, and a barge in tow on which she could lighten if found necessary.

The Elector, Capt. Phillips, and the Gallatin, Capt. A. S. Carlile, are the regular packets for Brownsville and Geneva, this evening, leaving at 5 o'clock.

The little Allegheny river steamer Advance, will, it is said, take the place of the Bayard in the Pittsburgh and Parkersburg trade.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* of Saturday says:

The Yorktown, from Pittsburgh for St. Louis with 375 tons freight, discharged 20 bbls coal dust and 44 bundles iron here.

The Leonidas from St. Louis, had a large quantity of grain for this port. She reshipped on the Arabian, 56 bbls fire clay for Wheeling and 25 bbls sand for Pittsburgh.

The following boats were in port at Cincinnati on Friday last:

J. R. Gilmore, Anna, Emperor, Silver Spray, Lady Franklin, Champion, Nightingale, Floto Grove, Havana, Lawrence, Barry Dean, Kate Robinson, and Leonidas.

The Arabian was loading at Cincinnati on Friday for Pittsburgh. The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Friday, has the following items:

The Cottage No. 2 reports 3½ feet and falling in the Kanawha. She met the Allegheny Belle, on Wednesday, with the Tailsman in tow.....Nearly all the steamers in port were decorated with flags on the Fourth of July.....The Havna has laid up for the season.....The Silver Spray having abandoned her trip to New Orleans, reshipped her freights on the Lady Franklin.....The Rowena, Havana, Rebecca, Natoma, Mariner, Anglo Saxon, and Champion, were all picnicing on the Fourth. The Rowena careened and shipped about 2 feet of water, near Sedamsville. She reshipped her guests, when she was pumped out in three hours, and was all right again.....The Lawrence has laid up to repaint and refit generally.....Mr. Cal. W. Bennett has returned from his tour eastward.....Mr. Jno. Scrimgeour, clerk of the Ruth, was in the city a few days since.....The Potomac reships 1000 kegs of nails on the Champion, for St. Louis.

A STRANGE ACCIDENT.—A raft, a few days ago, driven by the current in the sandbench near the head of Lake Pepin, forced up the skull and parts of a skeleton of a man, with which was found a pocket-book containing about $200 in gold and silver. The raftsmen could not find any clue by which the bones might be identified. It is supposed, however, that they are the remains of one of the persons lost by the burning of the Galena, at Red Wing, in 1858.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA U. S. MAIL PACKET COMPANY.

The following steamers will run three daily trips between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva, and the Dunkard Creek Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE.....CAPT. M. A. COX.
TELEGRAPH.....CAPT. D. RUGHER.
FRANKLIN.....CAPT. Z. W. CALMES.
GALLATIN.....CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., and 5 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 5 p. m.: Brownsville daily at 5 a. m.

RETURNING—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Leaves Pittsburgh and Geneva at 12 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 2 p. m.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They are commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The Agent of the Company at the hour advertised

FREIGHTS RECEIVED AT ALL HOURS.

For further information, enquire of

J. H. ROBERTS, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
Brownsville, Pa.

my31:1y66

PEOPLES' LINE OF STEAMERS,

(INCORPORATED.)

Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville and Geneva.

This Company will run a daily boat between the above points, comprised of the new and splendid low-water steamer ELECTOR, H. R. ADAMS commander, and ELECTOR, ROBERT PHILLIPS commander. (The Elector is now being completed and will be ready in the line by the 1st of July.)

The Chieftain will leave Pittsburgh for all points on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5 P. M. Returning, leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 9 A. M. and Brownsville at 4 P. M.

The Elector leaves MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 P. M. Returning, leaves Geneva for Pittsburgh on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 9 A. M. and Brownsville at 4 P. M.

The Company have a Barbeiaes Wharf Boat at Monongahela City and Pittsburgh, where they received at all hours. No charge for commission on Eastern freight.

The Packets do not run boats on the Sabbath.

For further particulars enquire on board, or to JOHN N. CANNELLA, Agent, at the Wharf Boat, foot of Grant street. mh10:2md

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The splendid passenger steamer NORA..... Capt. DEVINNEY, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports THIS DAY, at 3 P. M. jy7

THE NEW

Spring and Summer Medicine.

FLUID EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA,

COMBINED WITH

Iodide of Lime,

PREPARED FOR

G. W. PETTES, BOSTON,

BY

James R. Nichols & Co.,

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

ELIXIR PERUVIAN BARK

WITH

Protoxide of Iron,

Which has become so favorably known as a

Tonic and Restorative,

By Physicians and Invalids in all parts of the country.

The new preparation, "SARSAPARILLA IN COMBINATION WITH IODIDE OF LIME," presents one of the most prompt alterative agents' in a form capable of exerting full action upon the system, and this in minute and pleasant doses. It is conceded that the alterative, resolvent, or tonic effects of Iodine, are exerted most decidedly when associated with other alteratives, in combination; and the Sarsaparilla seems to fulfil perfectly all the favorable requisitations.

The good effect usually observed when "SARSAPARILLA WITH IODIDE OF LIME" is taken, is an increase of appetite, showing that it has tonic properties of a marked character. Its alterative effects are manifest in its ready combination with the blood and tissues. Hale, scrofulous women and children improve rapidly under its use, and the vital functions assume a healthy condition.

It is particularly adapted to a large number of chronic or acute affections peculiar to children. It is suited to them, both by the mildness and efficiency of Medicinal effect and the pleasant, attractive form of the remedy. It may be given for a long period where constitutional influences are desired, and no derangement or disincination to take the syrup, encountered. In White-Swellings, Hip-Joint Disease, and Distortions of the Spine, it should be given persistently, in moderate doses, until relief is obtained.

In the Spring of the Year, and during the Warm Weather.

The accumulation of morbid matters in the system seems to become manifest and very troublesome. Lassitude, Headache, Boils, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Pains in the Joints, Indigestion, etc., are very common. Nothing ever devised is better adapted to exterminate or drive off these affections than this new combination of SARSAPARILLA WITH IODIDE OF LIME.

No preparation like it, or which approximates to it, as an

Alterative, or Blood Purifier,

has ever before been placed within the reach of invalids. Skilled, it is in entire HARMONY and SCIENTIFIC combination, in no respect resembling anything hitherto employed.

The union of medical men concerning it, the description of its chemical character, therapeutic value, manner of use, etc., are given in a circular, which can be had at the store of any and all first-class Druggists.

For sale in Pittsburgh by R. K. SELLERS & CO., and ALL DRUGGISTS.

my14:s7:MWF

FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, Combined with Iodide of Lime, Sold at Low Rates at

FLEMING'S DRUG STORE

No. 84 Market St., Pittsburgh.

my19:s6:w1

PRIVATE DISEASES.

DR. YOUNG, (late of Philadelphia,)

No. 75 Third street, treats all descriptions of Private Diseases with unparalleled success.

Particular attention paid to Spermatorrhœa as I disease of the Urinary Organs. His treatment for the same being the most successful ever employed. He gives hopes of a speedy cure to the afflicted.

Ladies will find his uterine nauseants superior to all other preparation for removing obstructions to the healthy menstrual flood.

No. 2. One Dollar per bottle. No. 3. which is four degrees stronger, as I designed for obstinate cases. Five Dollars per bottle.

Office hours, 8 A. M. to 2 P. M., 6 P. M. to 9 P. M.

Address, with stamp, D